



**ON VOYAGE**—President Nixon bids Vice-President Spiro T. Agnew farewell Saturday at Western White House.

# Agnew Says If Lon Nol Fell U.S. Could Not Quit Vietnam

stressed the administration that it was concerned chiefly with the threat posed to the safety of American forces should there be a Communist takeover of Cambodia itself who were fighting Cambodians.

"We will conduct—with the approval of the Cambodian government—air interdiction missions

## Paisley Speech Canceled After Mich. Bomb Scare

Mr. Paisley began his U.S. tour three weeks ago. He is pastor of the Martyrs Memorial Free Presbyterian Church in Belfast.

# British Unions Warn Against Rash Strikes

The Council, which represents nearly nine million British workers, suggested that unions explore whether they could "achieve objectives without a strike."—

## U.S. Pilots Get Wide Latitude To Bomb Cambodian Targets

"We will conduct—with the approval of the Cambodian government—air interdiction missions

## The U.S. Buffalo Making Comeback

1997, 1998, 1999, 2000, 2001, 2002, 2003, 2004, 2005, 2006, 2007, 2008, 2009, 2010, 2011, 2012, 2013, 2014, 2015, 2016, 2017, 2018, 2019, 2020, 2021, 2022, 2023, 2024, 2025, 2026, 2027, 2028, 2029, 2030, 2031, 2032, 2033, 2034, 2035, 2036, 2037, 2038, 2039, 2040, 2041, 2042, 2043, 2044, 2045, 2046, 2047, 2048, 2049, 2050, 2051, 2052, 2053, 2054, 2055, 2056, 2057, 2058, 2059, 2060, 2061, 2062, 2063, 2064, 2065, 2066, 2067, 2068, 2069, 2070, 2071, 2072, 2073, 2074, 2075, 2076, 2077, 2078, 2079, 2080, 2081, 2082, 2083, 2084, 2085, 2086, 2087, 2088, 2089, 2090, 2091, 2092, 2093, 2094, 2095, 2096, 2097, 2098, 2099, 2100, 2101, 2102, 2103, 2104, 2105, 2106, 2107, 2108, 2109, 2110, 2111, 2112, 2113, 2114, 2115, 2116, 2117, 2118, 2119, 2120, 2121, 2122, 2123, 2124, 2125, 2126, 2127, 2128, 2129, 2130, 2131, 2132, 2133, 2134, 2135, 2136, 2137, 2138, 2139, 2140, 2141, 2142, 2143, 2144, 2145, 2146, 2147, 2148, 2149, 2150, 2151, 2152, 2153, 2154, 2155, 2156, 2157, 2158, 2159, 2160, 2161, 2162, 2163, 2164, 2165, 2166, 2167, 2168, 2169, 2170, 2171, 2172, 2173, 2174, 2175, 2176, 2177, 2178, 2179, 2180, 2181, 2182, 2183, 2184, 2185, 2186, 2187, 2188, 2189, 2190, 2191, 2192, 2193, 2194, 2195, 2196, 2197, 2198, 2199, 2200, 2201, 2202, 2203, 2204, 2205, 2206, 2207, 2208, 2209, 2210, 2211, 2212, 2213, 2214, 2215, 2216, 2217, 2218, 2219, 2220, 2221, 2222, 2223, 2224, 2225, 2226, 2227, 2228, 2229, 2230, 2231, 2232, 2233, 2234, 2235, 2236, 2237, 2238, 2239, 2240, 2241, 2242, 2243, 2244, 2245, 2246, 2247, 2248, 2249, 2250, 2251, 2252, 2253, 2254, 2255, 2256, 2257, 2258, 2259, 2260, 2261, 2262, 2263, 2264, 2265, 2266, 2267, 2268, 2269, 2270, 2271, 2272, 2273, 2274, 2275, 2276, 2277, 2278, 2279, 2280, 2281, 2282, 2283, 2284, 2285, 2286, 2287, 2288, 2289, 2290, 2291, 2292, 2293, 2294, 2295, 2296, 2297, 2298, 2299, 2300, 2301, 2302, 2303, 2304, 2305, 2306, 2307, 2308, 2309, 2310, 2311, 2312, 2313, 2314, 2315, 2316, 2317, 2318, 2319, 2320, 2321, 2322, 2323, 2324, 2325, 2326, 2327, 2328, 2329, 2330, 2331, 2332, 2333, 2334, 2335, 2336, 2337, 2338, 2339, 2340, 2341, 2342, 2343, 2344, 2345, 2346, 2347, 2348, 2349, 2350, 2351, 2352, 2353, 2354, 2355, 2356, 2357, 2358, 2359, 2360, 2361, 2362, 2363, 2364, 2365, 2366, 2367, 2368, 2369, 2370, 2371, 2372, 2373, 2374, 2375, 2376, 2377, 2378, 2379, 2380, 2381, 2382, 2383, 2384, 2385, 2386, 2387, 2388, 2389, 2390, 2391, 2392, 2393, 2394, 2395, 2396, 2397, 2398, 2399, 2400, 2401, 2402, 2403, 2404, 2405, 2406, 2407, 2408, 2409, 2410, 2411, 2412, 2413, 2414, 2415, 2416, 2417, 2418, 2419, 2420, 2421, 2422, 2423, 2424, 2425, 2426, 2427, 2428, 2429, 2430, 2431, 2432, 2433, 2434, 2435, 2436, 2437, 2438, 2439, 2440, 2441, 2442, 2443, 2444, 2445, 2446, 2447, 2448, 2449, 2450, 2451, 2452, 2453, 2454, 2455, 2456, 2457, 2458, 2459, 2460, 2461, 2462, 2463, 2464, 2465, 2466, 2467, 2468, 2469, 2470, 2471, 2472, 2473, 2474, 2475, 2476, 2477, 2478, 2479, 2480, 2481, 2482, 2483, 2484, 2485, 2486, 2487, 2488, 2489, 2490, 2491, 2492, 2493, 2494, 2495, 2496, 2497, 2498, 2499, 2500, 2501, 2502, 2503, 2504, 2505, 2506, 2507, 2508, 2509, 2510, 2511, 2512, 2513, 2514, 2515, 2516, 2517, 2518, 2519, 2520, 2521, 2522, 2523, 2524, 2525, 2526, 2527, 2528, 2529, 2530, 2531, 2532, 2533, 2534, 2535, 2536, 2537, 2538, 2539, 2540, 2541, 2542, 2543, 2544, 2545, 2546, 2547, 2548, 2549, 2550, 2551, 2552, 2553, 2554, 2555, 2556, 2557, 2558, 2559, 2560, 2561, 2562, 2563, 2564, 2565, 2566, 2567, 2568, 2569, 2570, 2571, 2572, 2573, 2574, 2575, 2576, 2577, 2578, 2579, 2580, 2581, 2582, 2583, 2584, 2585, 2586, 2587, 2588, 2589, 2590, 2591, 2592, 2593, 2594, 2595, 2596, 2597, 2598, 2599, 2600, 2601, 2602, 2603, 2604, 2605, 2606, 2607, 2608, 2609, 2610, 2611, 2612, 2613, 2614, 2615, 2616, 2617, 2618, 2619, 2620, 2621, 2622, 2623, 2624, 2625, 2626, 2627, 2628, 2629, 2630, 2631, 2632, 2633, 2634, 2635, 2636, 2637, 2638, 2639, 2640, 2641, 2642, 2643, 2644, 2645, 2646, 2647, 2648, 2649, 2650, 2651, 2652, 2653, 2654, 2655, 2656, 2657, 2658, 2659, 2660, 2661, 2662, 2663, 2664, 2665, 2666, 2667, 2668, 2669, 2670, 2671, 2672, 2673, 2674, 2675, 2676, 2677, 2678, 26

# SAF Closing Major Bases in South Vietnam, Thailand

disclosures came as U.S. President Spiro Agnew began the first leg of a four-nation visit to deliver a message from President Nixon that the United States will not withdraw its troops from Vietnam until the North Vietnamese Air Force allows the shutdown.

(Continued on Page 2, Col. 3)



**OUT OF PLACE**—A fishing vessel straddles the Nagahama River in Kochi after a typhoon struck southwestern Japan on Saturday. Story of the storm, Page 3.

# Israel Names Eban as Envoy To Talks on Peace in Mideast

### Talks Indirect

moving at least 12 SAM-2 missile batteries, with 72 missiles, onto what was supposed to be a military standstill area 32 miles deep along the Suez Canal.

The "preoccupation" was in fact a harrowing worry whether to go ahead with the agreement in view of what Israel saw as a massive breach of it by the other side. The matter was in no way eased by Washington's disinclination to credit Israel's charges. Last Wednesday, however, a State Department spokesman issued a statement which, while the United States was not "in a position to swallow" as an official American acknowledgment that the Israeli charges may have had some validity.

Even more curiously, Sen. Albright's initiative aroused

Source: <http://www.irs.gov/efile/efiletrans.htm>

### Israel's 5th Protest

## Israel's 5th Protest

It was the fifth complaint of its kind by Israel since the U.S. initiated cease-fire took effect two weeks ago yesterday.

The complaint spoke of "con-

—

### Pressure on Jarring

Both Egypt and Jordan were said to have become increasingly irritated in the last few days over what they consider intentional stalling in getting direct negotiations under way.



**After 'UN-Imposed' Peace**  
***Fulbright Favors Pact***  
***Between U.S., Israel***  
***To Guarantee '67 Line***

Noting that "for reasons of varying merit Israel has indicated on numerous occasions a lack of confidence in the United Nations," Sen. Fulbright said that "in order to accommodate this attitude and provide Israel with an added assurance of security, I for one would be willing to supplement a UN guarantee with a bilateral treaty—not an executive agreement but a treaty consented to by the Senate—under which

The speech centered around the basic theme in Sen. Fulbright's foreign policy thinking, that the U.S. must continuously discard "old myths" about the

(Continued on Page 2, Col. 6)

### ***Seen as Ploy to Block UN Action***

## Russia in Bid to Bar Military Use of Seabed

An authoritative source said today that the U.S. plus a number of other coastal nations will oppose the proposal when a committee working group takes it up tomorrow.

According to a reliable source, however, they accepted Friday a compromise under which the international seabed area would be subject to "the relevant principles of international law."

New boundaries for the continental shelf are to be fixed in 1971 by a new law of the sea conference, not by the United Nations. But, according to well informed sources, the Latin Americans are fighting to prevent their

## Calls Reports Exaggerated

## Vatican Suspends System Said to Enslave New Nuns

By Alfred Friendly Jr.

The Vatican denial said some allegations in press reports were untrue and others "unduly exaggerated." It conceded that the situation had been under official investigation since July and that "some disadvantages" had arisen from the practice.

followed articles of a similar nature in the June 19 and Aug. 21 editions of the National Catholic Reporter, a Kansas City weekly. The London newspaper said that more than 1,500 Kerala girls had been recruited for European convents at an average cost to the convents of some \$700 each. Few of the girls had the educational qualifications to pursue the medical or scientific training they had been promised, the account said.

Under these combined strains, some girls break down. It was the nervous collapse of one of them in a Tuscan convent last spring that brought the matter to the Vatican's attention. Her case and that of other novices was reported by their English teachers, a laywoman, and an official, but still inexperienced, doctor.

Although still waiting for full replies to questionnaires sent to papal nuncios in several European nations, a Vatican source said that he could confirm that the Rev. Gyriac Puthempura,

(Continued on Page 2 Col 3)

(Continued on Page 2, Col. 3)







## Collision Called Harassment

## Mass Soviet Trawler Fleet Angers Canadian Fishermen

By Jay Walz

OTTAWA, Aug. 23 (NYT).—Ever since a 300-foot Soviet trawler sideswiped a 40-foot Canadian salmon boat 20 miles off British Columbia three weeks ago, angry Canadian fishermen have been demanding some dramatic show of protest by their federal government.

While Prime Minister Pierre Elliott Trudeau at the moment is reacting coolly, his cabinet pondered what to do about the festering problem of Russia's massive fishing fleet on its Pacific horizon. In the face of that problem, the recent hit-and-run incident, while infuriating to the British Columbia fishermen, strikes Ottawa as an annoying but incidental case of Russian bad manners.

The incident, however, illustrates the overall problem of oceanic policy-making. While Canada fishes its coastal waters selectively, for a prized salmon catch worth \$30 million a year, a flotilla of Russian "fish factories" plies the waters outside the 12-mile fishing limit, scooping up and processing "everything from the sea up."

On July 25 a big Russian trawler, charged into a group of small Canadian vessels anchored for the night and after "bumping" the trawler "Deas Island" off Port Alberni, B. C., disappeared in the darkness.

No one was hurt, but since this

was the latest of several "collisions" the fishermen suspected they were being deliberately harassed.

After one near-miss, Russian fishermen pelted a small Canadian vessel with frozen hake, a ground fish not caught by Canadians. An increase in the number of such unfriendly manifestations has led some Canadian officials to believe the Russians are showing their frustration over the withdrawal of services formerly provided Russian fishing ships in Vancouver. Last March, in an effort to establish a bargaining lever, the Fisheries Department in Ottawa closed Vancouver Harbor to Soviet supply vessels.

But Russian diplomatic officials have been moved neither by this "lever" nor by the protests delivered to the Soviet ambassador by Mitchell Sharp, Secretary of State for External Affairs. There has been no reply from Moscow on the "Deas Island" incident, although "Black Maria," the Fisheries Minister, told reporters that Ambassador Boris Mikolichenko indicated he would recommend talks "at the technical level."

Trade for Wider Talks

However, Mr. Trudeau, who has expressed his interest in President Nixon's recent "ocean policy," is reportedly not eager to talk about mere technical matters. He wants to draw the Russians into discussing about cooperation, rights and "good manners" in waters that may or may not be a nation's own.

High-ranking Ottawa officials interviewed last week are already talking about calling another law-of-the-sea conference to update the agreement in force since 1958. At that time, Russia, Canada and several other countries, including the United States, agreed that coastal states have a special interest in the maintenance of the productivity of the living resources in any area of the high seas adjacent to its territorial sea.

The Canadian government, some officials say, would like to apply this part of the law of the sea to fisheries and the conservation of fishing grounds.

Mass Production

"Oceanic fishing has become a new, mass-production industry since World War II, and we must develop new international understandings to control use of the resources of the sea," said an Ottawa official.

Canada, with a longer coastline than any other country in the world—18,000 miles—and a vast continental shelf of immense fishing wealth, is increasingly concerned about protection of its continental periphery.

It is not necessary for Canadian fishermen to go far for sea, as do the Russians and Japanese. At the present time, fishermen in British Columbia say they do not mind the Russians taking all the hake they want.

But they argue, with the support of the Ottawa Fisheries Department, that overfishing hake and other fish will upset the balance of sea life and eventually damage the oceanic resource as a whole.

Meanwhile, the situation has eased recently because the Russian North Pacific fleet has moved away from the Canadian coast.

## Violent Crime Up 5 Percent In Canada

OTTAWA, Aug. 23 (AP).—Canada's rate of violent crime against individuals rose 5 percent last year, and government statisticians say this goes against a long-term trend.

A new study shows violence against property is also climbing. The rate of violent crime is being studied by the judicial division of the Dominion Bureau of Statistics for the years from 1949 to 1971.

In 1968, there were 79,162 crimes involving violence against persons, or a rate of 445.0 per 100,000. This rose in preliminary figures compiled for 1969 to 85,248, or 469.3 per 100,000 population, a 5 percent increase.

Less Juvenile Violence

The 1969 figures show that the rate of violent crime increased among adults and declined, except in the case of wounding, among juveniles.

Justice Minister John Turner said the government intends to be tougher on crimes of violence. He said the cabinet will consider introducing stiffer penalties, making sure they are severe enough to deter violent crimes.

But he said the government is not considering a return to capital punishment, abolished in 1957 for a five-year trial period but retained for killing a policeman or prison guard. The government and Parliament are to review the death penalty law before the trial period expires in 1972.

The 1969 crime statistics, based on actual offenses reported by the police, included 341 murders, 216 attempted murders and 44 manslaughter in this nation of 21 million people.

## Soviet Biologists Find Another Pollution Source: Human Breath

MOSCOW, Aug. 23 (UPI).—A Soviet magazine has described man's breath as a small-scale pollutant which dumps everything from hydrocarbons to acetic acid into the atmosphere.

The journal *Khimiya i Zhizn* (Chemistry and Life) said yesterday that Soviet biologists discovered an exotic variety of substances in the air exhaled by human beings.

They included hydrocarbons, alcohols, ammonia, formic and acetic acid, formaldehyde and acetone.

"The scientists have found that even nondrinkers exhale an average of 17 milligrams of ethyl alcohol daily," it said.

The magazine said the experiments on what people exhale are important in designing life-support systems for space ships.

## Caribbean Storm Leaves

## Martinique Death Toll of 42

PORT DE FRANCE, Martinique, Aug. 23 (Reuters).—Hurricane Dorothy, which carved a trail of destruction across this Caribbean island, has caused at least 42 deaths, rescue officials said today.

Heavy rain, French minister of Overseas Territories, and International Minister Léo Hamon today in a speech, which he said was the storm, which pounded this French possession for nearly 17 hours on Thursday night and Friday morning.

Mr. Hamon arrived here last night on a special trip to Martinique, which has been declared a disaster area.

500 Troops Break Up Belfast Riot With Gas

BELFAST, Northern Ireland, Aug. 23 (UPI).—About 150 riotous fans returning from a soccer match today broke down a gate near the predominantly Catholic Unity Field area and provoked 40 minutes of stone-throwing.

Some 500 troops firing CS gas and tear gas broke up the brawl, an army spokesman said. An unspecified number of arrests was made.

Japanese Storm Kills 20

TOKYO, Aug. 23 (UPI).—Typhoon Anita, which caused deaths and destruction in southern Japan Friday, may spare Hokkaido, Japan's northernmost main island, weather reports said yesterday.

The storm, the strongest this year, killed 20 persons and injured 360 others after it cut across Shikoku, smallest of Japan's four major islands, and western Honshu, with winds of 110 miles an hour. Nine persons were reported missing.

You will enjoy shopping at HELENE DALE'S 7, rue Scribe - PARIS IXe For Portures & Gifts at Export Prices



FAREWELL PERFORMANCE—The Kuster troupe gives a final performance in Verening, South Africa, dressed as they were for the wedding of Helmut Sauern, right, and bride Rose. Rolf Kuster, father of the bride, is at left on the high wire.

Asks Early Hearing in Greece

## Niarchos Denies Charges in Wife's Death

NICE, France, Aug. 23 (AP).—Stavros S. Niarchos, the Greek shipping millionaire, disputed yesterday the charge of a Greek prosecutor that he had fatally injured his wife, Eugenia. Mr. Niarchos said that he would stand by the findings of a Greek medical-legal committee that his wife died on May 4 from taking an entire bottle of sleeping pills.

A statement by Mr. Niarchos was read to newsmen by his secretary aboard the yacht *Cerole* off Villefranche-sur-Mer on the Riviera. The secretary said that Mr. Niarchos left the yacht last night for Switzerland, but he declined to identify his destination precisely.

Referring to the original finding of the medical-legal committee on July 16 and to the prosecutor's recommendation to Athens Friday that he be sentenced to life imprisonment, Mr. Niarchos said:

"There is, alas, only a single and truth. All the witnesses agree. Their conclusion is unanimous. Mrs. Niarchos took an excessive dose of strong sleeping pills which caused her death."

The millionaire's wife died in the couple's villa on their private island in the Aegean Sea. A coroner's report said that she had died of an overdose of barbiturates but noted that there were bruises on her head, throat and chest.

One medical expert said the bruises were the result of "old-fashioned attempts by her husband to revive her after he found her in a coma."

Mr. Niarchos said he was cruising on his yacht "trying to get some rest with my children after this irreparable tragedy that has struck us."

"There is absolutely no new element in this case," said Mr. Niarchos's attorney, René de Chabrun of Paris. "I do not understand this new action of the prosecutor, who seems to have been trying to hound Mr. Niarchos since the beginning of the case."

Constantine Fafoutis, the prosecutor of Piraeus, proposed yesterday that the Greek Penal Council, the equivalent of an American grand jury, meet "at the earliest possible date" to determine whether Mr. Niarchos should stand trial in the death of his wife. If the jury owner is convicted of the charge, he could receive a maximum sentence of ten years in prison.

Normally a penal council would either accept or amend a prosecutor's proposal, but a high court official said in Athens yesterday that there had been cases of penal councils dropping charges.

Most Greeks were unaware of the latest developments in the case because word of them was banned from Greek newspapers by the prosecutor in order not to hinder a magistrate's investigation.

Mr. Niarchos had been prohibited from leaving the country after the autopsy on his wife. But the ban was lifted in July and he left for London on business.

Constantine Dracopoulos, Mr. Niarchos's nephew, had said after Mrs. Niarchos's death that she had become upset because of a telephone call her husband had made to his second wife, the former Charlotte Ford, from whom he was divorced.

The purpose of the call, Mr. Dracopoulos said, was to ask Miss Ford to send their daughter to Greece for the summer.

Mrs. Niarchos misunderstood the intent of the call, the spokesman said, and she took her husband's words as a threat to her position as a daughter of American automobile manufacturer Henry Ford 2d.

Mr. Niarchos had granted her husband a Mexican divorce in 1955, and he married Miss Ford, a daughter of American automobile manufacturer Henry Ford 2d, 14 months after the marriage.

Meanwhile, Mr. Niarchos had returned to his island of Spetsopoula to live with Eugenia.

Athens Uninformed

ATHENS, Aug. 23 (UPI).—Justice Minister Angelos Tsoukalas said today that the government knew nothing about a prosecutor's attempts to indict Mr. Niarchos.

But Mr. Tsoukalas said he was confident that justice would be done and denied accusations by Mr. Niarchos's lawyer that the prosecutor, Mr. Fafoutis, was "bouncing" the shipowner.

He said the government would be informed officially if and when an indictment was issued.

2d Bombing in Week In Twin Cities Area

ST. PAUL, Minn., Aug. 23 (AP).—A bomb exploded in a restaurant of a downtown St. Paul department store yesterday, injuring a woman, police said.

It was the second bomb blast within a week in the Twin Cities area. No reason for the blast was given immediately. Police said they found a second bomb in the store and defused it.

A bomb explosion Monday caused \$500,000 damage to the old Federal Office Building in Minneapolis, injuring a night watchman. No one has been arrested in the case.

Pacific Rocket Tests Completed by Russia

MOSCOW, Aug. 23 (AP).—The Soviet Union has completed a month-long series of rocket weapon tests in the Pacific Ocean, several hundred miles off Kamchatka Peninsula, according to Tass.

The official news agency gave no indication whether the rockets were MIRVs (multiple independently targeted re-entry vehicles) or less sophisticated weapons. Tass said the area is "free for sea navigation and air traffic" as of Aug. 22.

## At New Haven Trial

## Seale Testifies He Played No Role in Panther Killing

NEW HAVEN, Conn., Aug. 23 (UPI).—Black Panther national chairman Bobby G. Seale, describing himself as a party theoretician whose major concern was political philosophy, testified Friday that he had no knowledge and played no part in the torture and death of Alex Rackley.

"I didn't order anybody killed at all. The party doesn't order anyone killed," Seale said, speaking directly to the Superior Court trying fellow Black Panther Lonnie McCluskey.

Seale, the 19th and final defense witness in the nine-week-old trial, took the stand in spite of advice from his own attorney, Charles R. Garry of San Francisco, not to testify until the prosecution presents its case against him at his own trial.

"I'll have to testify to bring out the truth," Seale said.

Newton, Seale Meets

When court opened Panther minister of defense Huey P. Newton and chief of staff David Hilliard were in the small spectators' gallery. It was the first time in nearly three years that Mr. Newton and Seale, both founders of the Panther party, had seen each other.

Seale testified that he had not heard of Alex Rackley, or George Sams, who pleaded guilty to second degree murder and turned state's evidence, during his visit to New Haven 15 months ago at the time Rackley was being held prisoner at local Panther headquarters.

Asked if it were true, as Mr. McCluskey has testified, that Seale had been told that a brother had been interrogated, Seale said, "I don't recall anybody telling me about anybody being detained. I probably wouldn't even focus on it. I might have said I don't deal with that. I might have said something like that."

Asked what he would have done if he had been told a brother had been tortured, Seale said, "I would have jumped up and probably started calling whoever was doing it provocateur agents and I would have raised a hell."

Before he could finish, defense attorney Theodore I. Koskoff asked, "Why would you have raised the devil?"

"Party Policy"

"That isn't party policy. That isn't party rule. The party totally disavows the way the party functions. It's against party rules," Seale said. Party policy was to expel infiltrators, Seale said.

Sams, now the key prosecution witness against the Panther chairman, was described by Seale as a "non-functional," someone "who broke the rules or didn't follow the rules."

Seale said that he re-admitted Sams to the party at the urging of black militant Stokely Carmichael, but denied ever hearing of him again until after Rackley's death.

Asked what he would have done if he had been told someone had been tied up, Seale said, "If anybody tied up anybody and I heard about it, they would be out of the party, totally against party policy anywhere in the country."

At a news conference during the lunch hour, Mr. Newton, whose 1968 manslaughter conviction in California has been overturned on appeal, said: "We don't expect any justice from the court."

He said if Mr. McCluskey is found guilty, "the party will take appropriate measures... We will not be intimidated."

Guard Getting Automatic Rifles; Riot Use Seen

WASHINGTON, Aug. 23 (AP).—Lightweight automatic M-16 rifles are being issued to National Guard troops who will have the rapid-fire weapons available for riot and putting down riots and student disorders, it has been learned.

The M-16s gradually are replacing World War II vintage M-1 rifles and the newer M-14 as the standard weapon in National Guard and Army Reserve units, a spokesman for the National Guard Bureau said Friday.

No official announcement was made of their distribution to Guard units, under frequent criticism in recent years for using too much firepower, too readily, in civil disturbances.

"It will be the only weapon issued to them, and if the governor of a state elects to have them carry weapons, then called to riot or other disturbances, then this would be the weapon they could carry," the spokesman said.

Thant Sees Peril In Technology

OTTAWA, Aug. 23 (AP).—UN Secretary-General U Thant said tonight that, because of problems created by advanced technology, mankind must make "great advances... in the very near future or perish."

"Henceforth, there is no escape from the responsibility of planetary management," he said. "Man's future and man's environment must be conceived and managed wisely if he is to survive and to prosper."

Mr. Thant's speech was prepared for the 14th congress of the Association of World Federalists here.

Politics Charged in Ford Plan To Build Plant in Bordeaux

By Henry Giniger

PARIS, Aug. 23 (NYT).—The Ford Motor Co. has become involved in French politics as the result of an announcement yesterday that the American firm has bought land in the area to build a factory.

The mayor of the southwestern port city is Prime Minister Jacques Chaban-Delmas, who is seeking a seat in the National Assembly from Bordeaux in a by-election Sept. 20.

The announcement on Ford, with its implied promise of more jobs for a relatively backward area, seemed timed to help Mr. Chaban-Delmas's cause.

One of the Gaullist prime minister's fiercest opponents, Gabriel Taix, a moderate leftist, noted that several places in France had been proposed for a Ford plant.

Opponent's Protest

"The minimum amount of decency would have required that Ford make its promises outside the electoral campaign," Mr. Taix said.

According to Mr. Chaban-Delmas's aides, about 250 acres of land have been acquired in the Bordeaux suburb of Blanquefort for a factory that would supply automatic transmissions for Ford cars built in Britain, Germany and Belgium.

For several years there has been talk of a Ford plant in France, but little action was taken until Charles de Gaulle, generally suspicious of foreign investment, left the presidency in April of last year.

The fact that Ford appears to have settled on Bordeaux is expected to strengthen the widely held conviction in that city that the man who is simultaneously mayor of Bordeaux and prime minister of France is in a position to do some good for his city and country and deserves an expression of support in the election next month.

Ford's Soviet Outlook

POINT-A-MOUSSE, France, Aug. 23 (Reuters).—United States Congressman Hale Boggs, D. La., told reporters here today he thought the Ford Motor Co. would build its first Soviet Union despite the apparent collapse of plans to build a truck factory there.

"I talked with Henry Ford recently, and this issue is not over yet," Mr. Boggs, chairman of the House Subcommittee on Foreign Economic Policy, told a press conference here at the end of a two-day visit.

Mr. Boggs would not go into details about his talks with Mr. Ford beyond saying that he supports the company's desire to invest in the Soviet Union.

"We must use every opportunity to enter the Soviet Union with our investment," Mr. Boggs said. He was later leaving for Italy.

Southern Schools 94% Compliant

WASHINGTON, Aug. 23 (AP).—Ninety-four percent of Southern school districts will meet federal desegregation guidelines this fall, although some schools will have pupils of only one race, the Justice Department says.

The department reported Friday that 566 districts in 11 states will be operating on a desegregated basis for the first time when classes open within the next few days.

Some of the 2,543 districts which meet federal approval will continue with all-black or all-white schools, because of population patterns.

FROM ANTWERP BELGIUM

the DIAMOND for you

Now buy a Diamond at better than wholesale prices from a first source firm located at the Diamond center of the world! Finest quality Diamonds at tremendous savings to you. Buy a Diamond for someone you love, gifts, or personal use! Write for free brochure or visit:

INTERNATIONAL DIAMOND SALES diamond house 51, hoveniersstraat antwerp - Belgium tel. 3154

ALL DIAMONDS ARE GUARANTEED

JET TO EAST AFRICA

... for mild climate and wild game. For tribal dancing and spectacular scenery. Modern hotels, too, and bargain shopping and friendly people. And the fascinating Historic Tour of Ethiopia. Ask for our East Africa brochure — it tells you what you want to know about Ethiopia, Kenya, Uganda and Tanzania. Tours arranged.

Luxury Boeing Fan Jet Service ETHIOPIAN AIRLINES Cargo Space on Every Flight

Offices in Amsterdam, Athens, Beirut, Cairo, Delhi, Frankfurt, Geneva, Karachi, London, Milan, Paris, Rome, Stockholm.



## Near-Disaster in the Mideast

Despite a near-tragedy of errors that almost derailed the most hopeful Mideast peace effort since the 1967 war, it now appears that the cease-fire will hold and that talks will open soon—the overriding consideration.

But two weeks after the fighting along the Suez Canal halted, it is evident that Egypt has achieved an important military advantage and that Washington has responded to Israel's legitimate protests in a less-than-credible fashion. Not one of the parties has covered itself with glory. But the performance of the United States, in the first test of its crucial role as guarantor of the military balance, raises serious questions about its ability to bring to fruition the imaginative initiatives it set in motion.

In private assurances and in a news conference statement July 31, President Nixon told Israel it could agree to the standstill cease-fire "without fear" that it would "run the risk of having a military build-up occur" on the Egyptian side of the Suez Canal.

This pledge was based, in part, on American warnings to Moscow and Cairo that it would regard the movement, under cover of the truce, of Soviet-built anti-aircraft missiles to sites so close to the canal that they could be used to shield Egyptian cross-canal invaders from counterattack by Israeli planes. Some Soviet assurance came back that no such movement would be made if both sides accepted the American proposal for talks and a 90-day standstill.

Prior to the cease-fire, 72 consecutive days of intensive Israeli air bombardment—culminating in the dropping of 1,200 bombs on Aug. 7, the last day of hostilities—had thwarted all Egyptian efforts to move SAM-2 batteries into the critical zone 18 miles or so closer to the canal.

Today 12 to 15 Egyptian-manned SAM-2 batteries are sited in that zone. Most of these highly mobile missiles are believed to have been moved in during the night of Aug. 7-8, after which the cease-fire made them immune to Israeli attack. Whether they arrived before or after the midnight deadline, it is plain that the work of install-

ing them and fortifying the sites continued—in violation of the standstill—in the following days.

American and Israeli intelligence failures both contributed to the ensuing contretemps, but the critical failures were American. Strangely, neither country took any aerial photographs of the cease-fire zone on Aug. 8. More important, no American U-2 photos had been taken on the eve of the cease-fire, thus ruling out any clear basis of comparison with post-truce photos.

Despite warnings from experts weeks ahead that proof of violations would be difficult, Washington gave Israel firm assurances about enforcing the truce. Israel, recognizing the risk, pressed for the cease-fire to take effect in daylight hours on Aug. 7. But midnight was agreed to, under American pressure.

When the Egyptian build-up was detected two days later, Washington first expressed doubt that a cease-fire violation had occurred, then implied that the Israelis were trying to block negotiations and finally stated on the record that "some evidence" of violations existed but that it was not conclusive.

Meanwhile, conceding privately that Egypt had taken serious military advantage of the cease-fire, Washington is shipping Israel air-ground missiles and other antimissile-site weapons and electronics similar to those the United States has used effectively against SAM-2 sites in North Vietnam. What is not clear at this point is whether any effort is being made to hold Cairo or Moscow to their pledges of before the cease-fire.

Israel understandably now fears American "peace at any price" tactics when substantive issues come up in negotiations with the Arabs. A settlement is vital. But a return to the pre-1967 conditions that brought war would be disastrous. The fumbles of recent days suggest that such a disaster—or failure in the negotiations—could eventuate unless all parties to the truce strictly adhere to the cease-fire commitment.

THE NEW YORK TIMES.

## Arming to Disarm

Four months ago, by an overwhelming 73-to-6 vote, the Senate urged President Nixon to spur the Strategic Arms Limitation Talks (SALT) with the Soviet Union by proposing an immediate mutual moratorium on the deployment of offensive and defensive missiles. The administration rejected that resolution on the ground that the missile race had to be stepped up if Moscow was to be induced to step it down.

The Nixon policy of expanding missile systems as a key to limiting or abolishing them has now achieved inferential support in the narrow majority votes by which the Senate rejected moves to block extension of the Safeguard antiballistic missile program (ABM) beyond the two present Minuteman sites.

Even though nearly half the senators remain skeptical, the rest are plainly unwilling to deny the administration the tactics it contends it needs to check the missile race. And, as evidence of its good faith, the White House has let it be known that it is not only prepared to limit ABM by agreement, but to abandon it, if Russia will do the same and also halt its build-up of huge SS-9 offensive missiles.

All this, unfortunately, is reminiscent of the arguments used to justify MIRV testing and, later, moves toward deployment of MIRV-tipped Minuteman-III and Poseidon missiles. Both, it was contended, would push Moscow toward a SALT agreement in which MIRV could be halted. But when the SALT talks finally got under way, the Nixon administration asserted that MIRV was so far along that it was too late to halt it without

on-site inspection—an arrangement that, admittedly, could not be obtained.

The danger now is that the same route will be taken with ABM. The further along ABM deployment moves, the more difficult it will become to achieve a "zero ABM" agreement, rather than limitation at a low or medium level. Worse yet, Washington's insistence that a unilateral Soviet halt in the SS-9 deployment accompany a mutual limitation of ABMs may make any ABM curb impossible.

The fundamental illogic in the administration's approach shows up with special force in the SS-9 limitation demand. Three hundred or even 600 SS-9s would not seriously threaten 1,056 land-based American intercontinental ballistic missiles (ICBMs) in hardened silos if the SS-9 carried single warheads. What makes the SS-9 a threat is the triple warhead being developed for it under the Soviet MIRV program. An estimated 450 SS-9s, equipped with triple warheads, could knock out the bulk of the Minutemen now deployed, the Pentagon argues. But so long as MIRV remains beyond control that danger will not be effectively neutralized by restricting the Soviet Union to its present 300 SS-9 sites.

It becomes increasingly clear that a limited halt in the missile race—particularly one that lets MIRV run free—will simply steer the arms race into different channels, not stop it. A mutual ban on both ABM and MIRV must be the American objective at SALT.

THE NEW YORK TIMES.

## International Opinion

### Czechoslovak Anniversary

—From L'Humanité (Paris).  
Comment reprinted in its entirety.

### The Arab-Israeli Dispute

The Middle East cease-fire has survived its first crisis mainly because the Israelis have chosen to take the sensible course of not allowing their accusations of an early breach to interfere with the chances of getting talks going, and by not insisting that the proposed talks should be conducted at foreign minister level. On the Arab side,

President Nasser and King Hussein are so far showing commendable patience and toughness in not being deflected from their chosen moderate course of negotiation.

For the intransigent stand of Iraq, Syria and Algeria one can feel small sympathy; but the position of the Palestinian leaders is different. It is as easy to understand their fear of betrayal as it is that of the Israelis. Indeed, where the Israelis are in the strong position of being able to negotiate in their own cause with strong weapons and allies to sustain them, the Palestinians enjoy none of these advantages.

Sooner or later it will become as necessary for the Israelis, as for the Arabs, that the Palestinians should be given a proper role in any negotiations about their future.

—From the Observer (London).

## In the International Edition

### Seventy-Five Years Ago

August 24, 1895

LONDON.—The Evening Standard published a rumor from what is described as a semi-official source that the son of the Japanese Premier, who went to China to exchange ratifications of the treaty of peace, is to be sent to England for the purpose of arranging various large contracts for the construction of several war-vessels and cruisers, and probably for the supply of a considerable quantity of arms.

### Fifty Years Ago

August 24, 1920

PARIS.—Of course, the grape harvest in France is of interest to the world at large from the point of view of pleasure as well as to the French nation when regarded from the standpoint of profit. Therefore there are general grounds for satisfaction in the news that grapes are plentiful this year, and that the year 1890 promises to be celebrated for its "cru." Because of this, prices should go down.



## The Man Who Beat the System

By William V. Shannon

NEW YORK.—He is inflexible in his aims and relentless in his determination. Like a true revolutionary, he has sacrificed the pleasures of society and the comforts of family life. He lives in a furnished room. He keeps his telephone unlisted and changes the number every few months. He meets his contacts in public places and in modest restaurants. He is determined to change America, and his work is his life.

This is not a portrait of a Black Panther or a Weatherman or an underground disciple of Che Guevara. This dedicated radical is Ralph Nader, the meticulous, self-disciplined young Ivy League lawyer who has become the leader of the safety and consumer movements. He has shown that the way to beat "the system" is not to drop out of it or take up arms against it, but to master its techniques and make use of its opportunities.

### Ineffective Radicals

There are other young radicals—Tom Hayden, Bobby Seale, Staughton Lynd, Mark Rudd—who are as dedicated and selfless as

Nader. But have they been effective? It is easy to see that they have created melodramatic materials for politicians such as Vice-President Agnew and Gov. Ronald Reagan to exploit. It is hard to see what, if anything, they have accomplished. Poverty, the war in Vietnam, even racism would be nearer a solution if these well-known radicals had never come crashing upon the public scene.

While others of his generation have tried to adapt Leninist or Maoist theories to American problems, or have deliberately outraged conventional morals and manners, or have flirted with violence, Nader has confined himself to the orthodox ways of influencing opinion and attaining power. He has written a book, filed lawsuits, testified before congressional committees, solicited stockholders' proxies, and lobbied journalists and politicians. Last year, he picketed the General Motors Building in New York, his closest approach to a demonstration.

The right-wing politicians and the business interests for which they speak cannot make political profit out of Nader and his ac-

tivities. On the contrary, they fear him. His facts are accurate. His revelations drawn from the government's own documents or from respectable scientists are convincing. He is relevant, he is responsible, and he is usually right. That is why he recently won \$425,000 in an out-of-court settlement of his suit against General Motors. That is why he has brought about a revolution in the safety engineering of automobiles, why he was able to defeat the meat lobby and achieve a drastic upgrading of meat inspection standards, and why he is likely to make the "consumer revolution" an institutional force rather than just a hobby-horse for faddists.

Nader's objective is to bring the power of corporations under effective public control. "In Russia," he says, "the enemy would be the government." In this country, it is the big corporations which have become "private governments."

### Nader's Dream

While others dream of revolution, Nader would like to see 10,000 professional persons in Washington do for the public interest what the estimated 15,000 lobbyists do for corporations and trade associations.

As the nucleus of such a people's lobby, Nader has organized the Center for the Study of Responsive Law. It is financed on a shoestring by small foundation grants. This summer, the Center has enlisted 170 graduate students in law, medicine and science—Nader's "Raiders"—to conduct investigations.

If his many activities are successful, Nader over the coming years will alter significantly the balance between public and private power and perhaps transform the ways in which major corporations make their decisions. In short, he will bring about a kind of revolution.

### History Is a Race

Two differences stand out between Nader's approach to changing society and that of the nuclear radicals. First is his commitment to lawful, orderly methods. Second are his skills as a trained lawyer and his mastery of facts.

Human history, as H. G. Wells observed, is a race between education and catastrophe. The young who want to save civilization and improve it have to realize that their greatest asset is not their passionate zeal, useful though that sometimes is, but their educated minds.

Whether the problem is disarmament or pollution or segregation, the issues become tough and technical. If the forces of good are going to win, they need brain power.

## Senator Fulbright's Startling Proposal

By James Reston

WASHINGTON, Aug. 22.—At first glance, Senator Fulbright's coming out for a U.S. treaty guarantee of the State of Israel is a little like Spino Agnew offering to take over the editorship of The New York Times. It is a surprising proposal from a surprising source at a surprising time, but nevertheless, it is worth considering.

The United States now has moral, legal and strategic obligations to prevent the destruction of Israel. Washington is very largely responsible for the creation of that nation. It is obliged under the United Nations Charter to defend Israel against military aggression. It has committed itself to maintain the present military balance of power in the eastern Mediterranean in the face of Moscow's deep penetration of that area. But there remains, particularly after the disappointments of Vietnam and the failures of the United Nations, a serious doubt about what America would do if the combination of Soviet power and Arab subversion were slowly undermining the Jewish state.

Nobody really supposes that the United States, despite its sacrifices and disenchantsments in Vietnam, would stand aside and watch the Soviet Union use the Arabs to invade Israel and take over a strategic area that fires the industry of Western Europe and commands the crossroads of Asia, Europe and Africa. But the problem is not that the Israelis will be "driven into the sea," but that they will be intimidated by the Soviets, out-bred by the Arabs, abandoned by the Americans and nibbled to death.

Chairman Fulbright of the Foreign Relations Committee, to put it as gently as possible, is no Zionist. After Vietnam, his enthusiasm for more overseas commitments is not unbounded. He sounds in his statement on the Middle East crisis like a petulant schoolmaster, and is so determined to oppose the political pro-Israeli attitude of most of his colleagues on Capitol Hill, that he has said many things in this statement that are offensive to the Israeli government and its Zionist supporters that he blurs and blurs his main point.

### Main Theme

It is a very good point. It is even the same point that President Nixon made the other day: that the Middle East is more likely to produce a world war than Vietnam; that the Middle East is much more important to U.S. interests than Southeast Asia; and that, much as he has always criticized Zionism and Israeli politics, Fulbright nevertheless feels that a clear statement of American intention to preserve the State of Israel is the only way to persuade the Russians and the Arab states

that their pressure on Israel is futile. Senator Fulbright is suggesting that, in return for an American guarantee of Israel's security, the Jerusalem government make concessions on territory and on the Arab refugees that are clearly unacceptable at the present time to the divided Israeli cabinet. He would have them go back to the borders that existed before the 1967 war. He would have them absorb more Palestinian refugees than they feel they can accept without overwhelming the Jewish homeland.

But even so, he is getting at the heart of the problem, as he sees it. He is saying that it is not a regional problem between Israel and the Arab states but a world problem. He is sure, as most people are, that the Israelis can deal with the Arabs militarily, but they cannot deal with Soviet technology or in the end with Arab subversion, even if they get the Golan Heights and the other territorial and theological sites they are now saying they must have.

Fulbright may be wholly wrong or he may be right, but he has stated a clear proposition: Israel is trapped in the cold war. It can deal with the Arabs militarily, but not with the Soviets. It has to choose between territory and a clear American guarantee of its security; it cannot have both.

It is fascinating that this proposal comes from Fulbright, who has been anti-Zionist and even critical and waspish about the Israeli government. Yet precisely because he has been so critical in the past and now offers what only Ben-Gurion had the confidence to demand—a clear American guarantee of Israel's security—his statement is highly significant.

### Vandenberg-like

Indeed, it is not unlike the historic switch of another chairman of the Senate Foreign Relations Committee, Senator Arthur Vandenberg of Michigan. Presumably because he had been a isolationist, Vandenberg's sudden transformation for bold new international treaties by the United States with Russia on the German problem startled Washington and transformed American policy in the postwar world.

Vandenberg took his famous speech of January, 1945, not seriously then his successor, Senator Fulbright, put out this statement on the Middle East crisis this weekend. But Fulbright's suggestion, like Vandenberg's, is full of ambiguities, could be misused by the President and by the government in Israel. Vandenberg's switch was regarded at first as a problem, both by President Truman and the Europeans, but later it was seen as an opportunity and it changed the history of American and European world politics in the forties.

## Letters

### Mitrione's Mission

Mr. Daniel Mitrione is dead, a victim of the frustrated Tupamaro Group in Uruguay. The world cannot condone this terrorist act of the frustrated Tupamaro Group.

The world may, however, ask why and what was Mr. Mitrione doing in Uruguay? Who empowered AID to send policemen from the United States to Latin American countries?

Surely this was not the precept of foreign aid and the Alliance for Progress put forth by our late President Kennedy. In our sister republics south of the border, we offer a special pledge—to convert our good words into good deeds—in a new alliance for progress—to assist free men and free governments in casting off the chains of poverty.

Must we learn by rote before it is too late? We must not interfere with the running of foreign governments. We must not put pre-requisites on our aid allotments. We cannot buy friends.

Terremolinos, Spain. C.M.

### History Lesson

I'm sure that your predominantly American readership will be fascinated to learn that, contrary to

cherished belief, Charles A. Lindbergh was not the first person to "break the Atlantic barrier," as stated in your issue of Aug. 14.

Here, of course, the fascination will end when they learn that this feat was achieved some eight years before, in 1919, by John Alcock and Arthur Whitten Brown in a converted World War I bomber, a Vickers Vimy.

All three participants were very much British.

This letter is available for publication if so desired.

Dakar, Senegal. L.F. HILDITCH

### DPs

A reader refers to "the displaced Palestinians whose country was cold-bloodedly pre-empted for geopolitical reasons."

Not so. When, in 1948, Jews in Palestine revolted against the then (mandated) British government, they did so because Jews who had survived the Nazi camps (very few did) were not allowed to land in Palestine and were shipped back to Germany. When learning that they would be sent back, some committed suicide on board ship in Haifa.

Notterdam. S.D.A.

Chairman		Co-Chairmen	
John Hay Whitney		Katharine Graham	
Publisher		General Manager	
Robert T. MacDonald		André Mag	
Editor		George W. Sater, Managing Editor; Roy Taylor, Assistant Managing Editor	

Published and printed by International Herald Tribune at 21 Rue de Berri, Paris-8. Tel.: 21-24-20. Telex: 21-950 Herald, Paris. Cable: Herald, Paris.

Subscriptions		Subscription	
Algeria (air)	15.00	Latvia (air)	15.00
Austria (air)	15.00	Lebanon (air)	15.00
Belgium (air)	15.00	Lithuania (air)	15.00
Cyprus (air)	15.00	Malta (air)	15.00
Denmark (air)	15.00	Mexico (air)	15.00
France (air)	15.00	Netherlands (air)	15.00
Germany (air)	15.00	Norway (air)	15.00
Greece (air)	15.00	Pakistan (air)	15.00
Ireland (air)	15.00	Portugal (air)	15.00
Israel (air)	15.00	Saudi Arabia (air)	15.00
Italy (air)	15.00	South Africa (air)	15.00
Japan (air)	15.00	Spain (air)	15.00
Korea (air)	15.00	Sweden (air)	15.00
Libya (air)	15.00	Switzerland (air)	15.00
		Thailand (air)	15.00
		Turkey (air)	15.00
		U.S.A. (air)	15.00
		U.S.A. (surface)	15.00
		Other European (air)	15.00



## 1,300-Year-Old Dispute

## Local Officials Agree to Shift French-German Border Line

By David Binder

ST. GERMANSHOF, West Germany (NYT)—An ancient French-German border dispute over three square miles of timberland called the Mundat Forest appears to be nearing solution. Thanks to efforts of local leaders on both sides of the border.

Their compromise, in which West Germany would get the forest, was worked out by neighboring local officials—a West German burgomaster and a French mayor, but it is nonetheless an affair of the border.

## 'Stalinist' Acts Against 2 U.S. Tourists Cited

MOSCOW, Aug. 23 (UPI)—The U.S. Embassy has protested to the Russians that police expelled one American tourist and terrorized another in "Stalinist" fashion following political incidents provoked by Soviet youths, an embassy spokesman said today.

He said the Foreign Ministry "expressed surprise" at the expulsions, leveled in July and August, but did not formally respond and is not expected to.

The victims of harassment were identified as Mrs. Ludmilla Kohler, the leader of a Pittsburgh University student group, who was expelled, and John B. Thune, an Oakland, Calif. YMCA tour guide, who was put under heavy pressure by police interrogations.

The spokesman said both incidents arose from almost identical situations at Soviet-run youth camps, where the groups led by Mrs. Kohler and Mr. Thune were staying as government guests.

The Thune case drew the more comprehensive protest because of police behavior.

Political Rally

On July 8, the spokesman said, Soviet youths organized a political rally at a Crimean seashore camp near Yalta where Mr. Thune's group was staying and attempted to pass an anti-American resolution.

"The American succeeded in knocking the resolution down with support from Czechoslovak and Hungarian youths, who considered it 'discourteous,' the spokesman said.

Soviet police visited Mr. Thune and piled him with high-pressure questioning and accusations of spreading anti-Soviet propaganda, he said. The police did not strike Mr. Thune, however, the spokesman said.

"When he refused to sign a confession, they threatened the youngsters. But Mr. Thune is a very courageous man, and he refused to bend."

A month after the Thune incident, the spokesman said, the group of Pittsburgh University students led by Mrs. Kohler became involved in a similar political rally staged by Soviet youths at a camp in Soviet on the Black Sea.

This time the Russians pushed through an anti-American resolution without allowing the Americans to speak, he said.

"Mrs. Kohler, who speaks fluent Russian, tried to grab the microphone to get in a word, and she was dragged out," he said.

"The following morning the police apprehended her, brought her to Moscow and put her on a plane for Budapest."

The group left the Soviet Union led by Mrs. Kohler's husband, Nicholas, and joined her in Budapest a few days ago, he said.

## Milan Catholics Charge Church Bias Against Poor

ROME, Aug. 23—Catholic priests and laymen in Milan, the archdiocese headed by Pope Paul VI before he became pontiff, have published a long and violent attack on the leadership of the church, charging it with ecclesiastical conservatism and a bias in favor of big business at the expense of the poor.

The 213-page "Letter to a Bishop," signed by 40 priests and 200 laymen who believe that the church in Milan is "fired," "repressive" and "unfriendly to the human as well as the cultural point of view."

The authors criticize recent construction of 150 new churches in Milan. They believe millions of dollars spent on these buildings could have been used for low-cost housing for 180,000 people.

One of the churches was built on land bought by the city from the Salsan Order and then donated to the archdiocese, thereby creating a double burden for taxpayers.

Portuguese Names Woman

LISBON, Aug. 23 (AP)—A woman was appointed to a post in the Portuguese government last week for the first time. Maria Teresa Lobo, a lawyer born in Angola and of Goan ancestry, was made undersecretary of health. She has been an official of the Overseas Ministry in the Portuguese East African territory of Mozambique.

ADVERTISING

FASHION OPENINGS IN PARIS

(Invitations cards generally required)

COUTURIERS

NOW SHOWING

FR. VENTRE, 63 St. Germain, 10 a.m.

COFFEES

J. P. P. 14 Rue d'Orléans-Montparnasse



BURTONS A LA MODE—Elizabeth Taylor Burton, dressed gypsy style, and her husband, Richard, in a symphony of stripes, walk through Monte Carlo, where their yacht is anchored. They were going to a dentist.

## Czech Press Hails Russians For Invasion Two Years Ago

PRAQUE, Aug. 23 (UPI)—The Communist press yesterday marked the second anniversary of the Warsaw Pact military intervention in Czechoslovakia with trumpets of praise for the "fraternal help" of the Soviet Union.

The newspapers came up with their eulogies one day after the actual anniversary date.

But press and radio so far have not referred to the situation in the country on the anniversary day, which, unlike last year, when five persons were killed in wild anti-regime rioting, passed in complete quietude.

Various appeals for passive demonstrations in Prague to mark the anniversary as "a day of shame" seemed to have drawn only little support. But patronage of shops and public transport, in a city under tight security wraps, appeared

lighter than on normal working days.

Rade Pravo, the Communist newspaper, said: "The members of the Soviet armies in our country through their work and model behavior show in a convincing way that their mission has no other aim than to protect our revolutionary achievements."

It defended the intervention, which halted the liberalization movement of then Communist Party Leader Alexander Dubcek, as a wise and important decision.

It was an expression of internationalism to avert the worst. The Warsaw Pact countries sent their armies to defend socialism in our republic earlier than the counter-revolutionary elements could be unleashed."

The newspaper said the decision for a military intervention in Czechoslovakia was based "on the seriousness of the situation created in our country as a result of the activities of counter-revolutionary forces and the helplessness of the then political leadership headed by Alexander Dubcek."

Czech hardliners, backers of Gustav Husak's regime, termed the quiet atmosphere of the anniversary as "clear evidence for the success of the normalization process," official term for the purges of all liberal-minded officials in the party and government.

"It proved that the time of overt protest is definitely over," they said, "and that the Czech people are now able to live in a normal, peaceful environment."

A spokesman of the Soviet Embassy said a "substantial number" of letters, telegrams, flowers and presents had been arriving through the last days from all parts of Czechoslovakia to "thank the Soviet Union."

## Romanians Celebrate Liberation Date

VIENNA, Aug. 23 (UPI)—Romania today celebrated the 26th anniversary of its liberation from Nazi Germany with a huge military parade in Bucharest and civic festivities throughout the country.

The Romanian news agency, Agencepres, said tens of thousands of Bucharest citizens, carrying banners bearing Communist slogans and with bouquets of flowers, gave a rousing welcome to President Nicolae Ceausescu, Premier Ion Gheorghe Muresan and other state and party leaders standing in the reviewing stand.

Obituaries

## Dr. T. P. Wright, 75, Dies; An Early Leader in Aviation

ITHACA, N.Y., Aug. 23 (NYT)—Dr. Theodore P. Wright, 75, a leader in the development of U.S. aviation, and civil aeronautics administrator from 1944 to 1948, died Friday of a stroke in Tompkins County Hospital.

Dr. Wright was Cornell University's vice-president in charge of research from 1949 until his retirement in 1960. He was acting president of Cornell from Feb. 1 to July 1, 1951.

In a long and varied career, Dr. Wright's relation to Wilbur and Orville Wright, the airplane inventors, combined the skills of an engineer with the talents of an administrator.

Born in Galeburg, Ill., he graduated from Lombard College there and from Massachusetts Institute of Technology.

Set-Up ICAC

After three years in the Naval Reserve Flying Corps, which he served as an aircraft inspector and then superintendent of construction of naval aircraft for the New York district, he became executive engineer of the Curtiss Aeroplane and Motor Co. In 1925 he was made chief engineer of the airplane division.

Under his supervision Curtiss produced several aircraft that won the Pulitzer and Schneider Cup Races during the early 1920s: the Hawk, the Falcon, the Hell Diver, the Shrike and the Condor among military aircraft, and such civilian planes as the Robin, the Pledging and the King Bird.

As civil aeronautics administrator, starting in 1944, Dr. Wright was instrumental in setting up an Interim International Civil Aviation Organization and in establishing air transportation and navigation rules that were adopted by 53 countries. He encouraged the development of private flying and was active in promoting improved aids to air navigation, instrument landing and airport development.

For spearheading U.S. plane production, he received in 1945 the War Department's medal for exceptional civilian service. The same year he was awarded the Daniel Guggenheim Achievement Medal.

ADVERTISING

FASHION OPENINGS IN PARIS

(Invitations cards generally required)

COUTURIERS

NOW SHOWING

FR. VENTRE, 63 St. Germain, 10 a.m.

COFFEES

## World Health Leader Fears Further Spread of Cholera

GENEVA, Aug. 23 (Reuters)—The World Health Organization said here yesterday that Israel's four reported cases of cholera were the most westerly examples of the disease officially reported since the current cholera wave began nine years ago.

Morris Sinclair, WHO's director of information said that the disease, which has now been reported officially in 26 countries since 1961, was normally prevalent in the Far East.

The Soviet Union report two weeks ago that cholera had appeared in Astrakhan was the first time that the disease had been reported in European Russia for a long time, he said.

If one case of illness currently under study in Guinea proved to be cholera, it would be the first time that the disease had reached that part of Africa, he said.

11,219 Cases in '70

Mr. Sinclair said that so far this year 11,219 cholera cases had been officially reported from 12 countries. The disease had caused 1,833 deaths. During the whole of last year, there were about 30,000 reported cases and around 4,000 deaths, he said.

Although this year's figure appeared lower, this was because cases were often only reported later in the year.

The disease was about as prevalent as last year, but if the current epidemic continued, its geographical extension would be great, he said.

The disease might possibly be carried to Europe, Mr. Sinclair said, but it was unlikely to spread in countries with European standards of sanitation.

International Survey

An Associated Press survey finds these situations in countries already affected or threatened by cholera.

SOVIET UNION—No figures have been released on the number of cases or any deaths since the outbreak was first reported earlier this month in Astrakhan.

An undisclosed number of southern ports are closed to travelers including the major Black Sea city of Odessa. Moscovites are being told to wash fruit and vegetables and drink water only from the city water supply. Western embassies are inoculating their staffs.

EGYPT—When rumors of cholera swept Cairo last June, officials said it was only an unofficial form of dysentery. After new rumors this month medical circles confirmed that a mild form of cholera had been diagnosed.

Officials have not disclosed how widespread it is. Unofficial reports from Beirut say that Egypt has 2,000 cases. A vaccination campaign is under way and restaurants are forbidden to serve uncooked vegetables.

ISRAELI—Four cases have been reported. All the victims, three Arabs and one Jew, are in Jerusalem hospitals. The latest victim, a woman, was a 70-year-old woman from a refugee camp north of Jerusalem and a 7-year-old boy from a village near Bethlehem in occupied Jordan.

LEBANON—The Health Ministry says that there is cholera but that this is just a rumor circulated by Israel to wreck Lebanon's tourist trade.

The Interior Ministry admits that 12 persons have had cholera-like symptoms. No deaths have been reported. Local newspapers claim that there have been 160 cases with 14 fatalities. The Lebanese are avoiding beaches, getting shots and buying more bottled water and soap.

LIBYA—The government says that there are about a dozen cases. It imported 16 tons of British medicine last week in a health campaign in which almost the entire population of 1.5 million persons has been vaccinated.

SYRIA—No cases have been reported but the population is being vaccinated. Iran, Iraq and Jordan say they have no cases.

ITALY—Hoping to avoid an outbreak, medical leaders have inoculated about 3,000 persons in Genoa, Italy's biggest port. Passengers and crewmen of ships from Russia, Lebanon or Libya are not allowed ashore without proof of vaccination.

TURKEY—No cases have been reported but a major inoculation campaign is under way, especially near the border with Syria. Swimming is prohibited in the Black Sea and part of the Mediterranean. Ice cream and soft drink vendors are banned from Istanbul.

SPAIN—All crewmen of Soviet fishing and cargo ships calling at the Canary Islands are being checked by health officials. The Spanish-owned islands are located off the African coast, not far from Guinea, where deaths from a cholera-type disease were reported.

lowed ashore without proof of vaccination.

lowed ashore without proof of vaccination.

lowed ashore without proof of vaccination.

lowed ashore without proof of vaccination.

lowed ashore without proof of vaccination.

lowed ashore without proof of vaccination.

lowed ashore without proof of vaccination.

lowed ashore without proof of vaccination.

lowed ashore without proof of vaccination.

lowed ashore without proof of vaccination.

lowed ashore without proof of vaccination.

lowed ashore without proof of vaccination.

lowed ashore without proof of vaccination.

lowed ashore without proof of vaccination.

lowed ashore without proof of vaccination.

lowed ashore without proof of vaccination.

lowed ashore without proof of vaccination.

lowed ashore without proof of vaccination.

lowed ashore without proof of vaccination.

lowed ashore without proof of vaccination.

lowed ashore without proof of vaccination.

lowed ashore without proof of vaccination.

## Mrs. Kasabian To Write Book

MILFORD, N.H., Aug. 23 (UPI)—Mrs. Linda Kasabian, the star prosecution witness in the Sharon Tate murder trial in Los Angeles, plans to write a book about her experiences with the Charles Manson "family," the Boston Globe said today.

Mrs. Kasabian said she has agreed to collaborate with an unidentified West Coast author in the venture. It was reported.

"I am thrilled to be home again and very happy with the understanding being shown me by all my friends in Milford," Mrs. Kasabian said Friday.

lowed ashore without proof of vaccination.

lowed ashore without proof of vaccination.

lowed ashore without proof of vaccination.

lowed ashore without proof of vaccination.

lowed ashore without proof of vaccination.

lowed ashore without proof of vaccination.

lowed ashore without proof of vaccination.

lowed ashore without proof of vaccination.

lowed ashore without proof of vaccination.

lowed ashore without proof of vaccination.

lowed ashore without proof of vaccination.

lowed ashore without proof of vaccination.

lowed ashore without proof of vaccination.

lowed ashore without proof of vaccination.

lowed ashore without proof of vaccination.

lowed ashore without proof of vaccination.

lowed ashore without proof of vaccination.

lowed ashore without proof of vaccination.

lowed ashore without proof of vaccination.

lowed ashore without proof of vaccination.

lowed ashore without proof of vaccination.

lowed ashore without proof of vaccination.

lowed ashore without proof of vaccination.

lowed ashore without proof of vaccination.

lowed ashore without proof of vaccination.

lowed ashore without proof of vaccination.

lowed ashore without proof of vaccination.

lowed ashore without proof of vaccination.

lowed ashore without proof of vaccination.

lowed ashore without proof of vaccination.

lowed ashore without proof of vaccination.

lowed ashore without proof of vaccination.

lowed ashore without proof of vaccination.

lowed ashore without proof of vaccination.

lowed ashore without proof of vaccination.

lowed ashore without proof of vaccination.

lowed ashore without proof of vaccination.

lowed ashore without proof of vaccination.

lowed ashore without proof of vaccination.

lowed ashore without proof of vaccination.

lowed ashore without proof of vaccination.

lowed ashore without proof of vaccination.

## 10,000 SHOPS, HOTELS &amp; RESTAURANTS

(3,000 in Paris Alone)

WILL HONOR YOUR

Charge

CREDIT CARD

Cash available with your card at SOVAC

19 Rue de la Bienfaisance, Paris-8e. Tel.: 522.07.40/41.

lowed ashore without proof of vaccination.

lowed ashore without proof of vaccination.

lowed ashore without proof of vaccination.

lowed ashore without proof of vaccination.

lowed ashore without proof of vaccination.

lowed ashore without proof of vaccination.

lowed ashore without proof of vaccination.

lowed ashore without proof of vaccination.

lowed ashore without proof of vaccination.

lowed ashore without proof of vaccination.

lowed ashore without proof of vaccination.

lowed ashore without proof of vaccination.

lowed ashore without proof of vaccination.

lowed ashore without proof of vaccination.

lowed ashore without proof of vaccination.

lowed ashore without proof of vaccination.

lowed ashore without proof of vaccination.

lowed ashore without proof of vaccination.

lowed ashore without proof of vaccination.

lowed ashore without proof of vaccination.

lowed ashore without proof of vaccination.

lowed ashore without proof of vaccination.

lowed ashore without proof of vaccination.

lowed ashore without proof of vaccination.

lowed ashore without proof of vaccination.

lowed ashore without proof of vaccination.

lowed ashore without proof of vaccination.

lowed ashore without proof of vaccination.

lowed ashore without proof of vaccination.

lowed ashore without proof of vaccination.

lowed ashore without proof of vaccination.

lowed ashore without proof of vaccination.

lowed ashore without proof of vaccination.

lowed ashore without proof of vaccination.

lowed ashore without proof of vaccination.

lowed ashore without proof of vaccination.

lowed ashore without proof of vaccination.

lowed ashore without proof of vaccination.

lowed ashore without proof of vaccination.



# The Sad State of Foreign Language Studies in U.S. Schools

# Angela Davis — the Making of a Radical

In that climate, liberals worry what happens to such values as academic freedom? Is there a middle ground? Or does one have to choose sides?

## Useful Addresses in Europe

<p><b>AUSTRIA</b></p> <p><b>SALZBURG VIENNA SHOPPING</b></p> <p><b>INSBROCK</b></p> <p>Don't forget to visit LANZ, the world-famous shop for national costumes.</p> <p><b>VIENNA — SERVICES</b></p> <p><b>AUTOCAR-RENT A CAR, Austria's 1st in transportation.</b> 4. Loggskj 3. Tel.: 523197</p> <p><b>VIENNA — RESTAURANTS</b></p> <p><b>Restaurant HOTEL BRISTOL,</b> opposite Opera. First class. Tel.: 52-95-52</p> <p><b>VIENNA — SHOPPING</b></p>  <p>China, crystal flatware, Etc.-furniture, etc. Write for free cat. Kaeferstrasse 16.</p> <p><b>PETIT - POINT BERTA</b></p> <p>One-personage 13, Petit-Point. 132, 76 m</p> <p><b>ENDAR FURS</b></p> <p>13 Singerstr., P.O. Box 76 m Fur coats at wholesale prices + special export discounts</p> <p><b>EAST EUROPE TRAVEL</b></p> <p><b>SERVICES</b></p> <p><b>HUNGARY 1970</b></p> <p>Offers package tours to Budapest; 2 &amp; 3-day trips by bus from \$19. ENCL. TOURS-INDEPENDENT TRAVELERS</p> <p>By hydrofoil to Budapeste, daily (except Sundays). Boat "L'Espresso", 2 overnight stays in Cat. I hotels &amp; full board. \$47, prolongation per day \$15.50.</p> <p>By hydrofoil &amp; bus via Budapest, Puzos-Lake Balaton, 88% Hotels in Budapest as from \$5 Plane, bus boat and by hydrofoil &amp; bus via Budapest. Visa procurement within 24 hrs. At: BUSS-VIENNA, A-1016 Vienna, Karntner Str. 24. Tel.: 52 43 48</p> <p>Please write for our PROSPECTUS HUNGARY 1970</p>	<p><b>FRANCE</b></p> <p><b>PARIS — SHOPPING</b></p> <p><b>First-Class Leather Clothing</b></p> <p>Made entirely on the premises</p> <p><b>NIEBERENDER, 3 Faubourg St-Maurice</b> (near Rue Royale), 2d floor. Apr. 15-30 JULY SALES ALSO AVAILABLE</p> <p><b>PARIS — SERVICES</b></p> <p><b>SUITSMAINTS RENOVATIONS</b> — Anything, anywhere, THE EXPRESS DELIVERY Co. 19 Blvd. Haussmann, Tel.: 824-44-07.</p> <p><b>PARIS — RESTAURANTS</b></p> <p><b>MONTÉ CARLO SELF SERVICE</b></p> <p>9 Ave. de Wagram (Alsé Ruelle), 100 Yards from the Arch of Triumph</p> <p><b>Le Montmartre Self Service</b></p> <p>(at Pl. Montmartre) (36 Rue Montmartre)</p> <p>Two comfortable self-service restaurants offer you a large choice of cold &amp; hot dishes. Open every day fr 11am till (noon 1st Floor; MONTÉ CARLO RESTAURANT, Lunch &amp; Dinner 10 Fr. Wine &amp; service included.</p> <p><b>CLOSERIE DES LILAS</b></p> <p>171 Bd. Montparnasse DAN. 70-50-02-61.</p> <p><b>LA LOUISIANE</b></p> <p>HILTON ONLY AIRPORT — Phone: 736-40-00. Business lunches — Dinners.</p> <p>"LE TOIT DE PARIS"</p> <p>Famous restaurant of the Paris Hilton</p> <p>Cocktails &amp; dinner &amp; dance with the famous jazz orchestra (American-Congolese Traditional French cuisine. Air-conditioned Closed Sundays Ph.: 197-92-00</p> <p><b>PAPRIKA</b></p> <p>14 r. Chauchat PR 50-190 1st Hungarian Spec. Oryzay prech</p> <p><b>LA PETITE CHAISE</b></p> <p>M.R. Grenelle Tel. 15-83 15-83</p> <p>Delic. cooking Historic setting Menu: Fr. 13</p> <p>Wanted Real Peking &amp; Shanghai cooking experts! Call FRANK TAI, proprietor of 7 Rue Dupla. Paris-6e Tel.: 232-32-43.</p>	<p><b>FRANCE</b></p> <p><b>LE HAVRE-PARIS — SERVICES</b></p> <p>LEAVE YOUR TROUBLES TO US FOR YOUR BAGGAGE DOOR TO DOOR MOOR-GENESTAL &amp; Co. LUGGAGE &amp; CAR SERVICES LE HAVRE B.P. 1408 Phone 42 33 31. PARIS 13 Av. de l'Opéra. Phone: 742-41-38</p> <p><b>GERMANY</b></p> <p><b>DUSSELDORF BARS &amp; NIGHTCLUBS</b></p> <p>Please pay a visit to Old Times Club Fliegara 14. Gentlemen's Overseas Inn.</p> <p><b>FRANKFURT/MAIN — SHOPPING</b></p> <p>Rosemihal am Kalvergr. A. Gilbert. Friedem. 19. Rosenhal china &amp; crystal. Visit or write for mail order ad.</p> <p><b>FRANKFURT — RESTAURANTS</b></p> <p><b>BRECKENKELLER,</b> One of the leading Res. in Europe. From 6 p.m. CLOS SUNDAYS</p> <p><b>MUNCH — SHOPPING</b></p> <p><b>STEIGERWALD,</b> Residenzstrasse 19-20 International selection: China, crystal, Silver Rosemihal, Rummel-, Copenhagen Zmac-plates Mail-order</p> <p>Rosenahal am Reihnhepfah. Best selection in dinner sets &amp; matching crystal/European figurines. Write for catalogue</p> <p><b>GREAT BRITAIN</b></p> <p><b>LONDON — RESTAURANTS</b></p> <p><b>CUNNINGHAM'S</b> 175 Curzon St. May, June, July, August 1969</p> <p>Famed for oysters &amp; the best traditional English cuisine. Open on Sundays.</p> <p><b>ITALY</b></p> <p><b>ROME — SHOPPING</b></p> <p><b>— FINES —</b></p> <p>Boutique — Pour Haute-Couture Daily tea fashion show fr 3 to 6 p.m. Via Babuino, 76, Int. 3. Tel.: 696-72-77</p> <p><b>ROME — SERVICES</b></p> <p>VENISE SISTINA Make-up, coloring wig, care English salon Tel.: 640200</p>	<p><b>ITALY</b></p> <p><b>ROME — RESTAURANTS</b></p> <p><b>Piccadilly</b></p> <p>The largest snack bar, restaurant, rooftop terrace, cafeteria in Rome. The real American breakfast. 3-1/2 Via Barberini - Rome</p> <p><b>ROMANIA</b></p> <p><b>BUCHAREST — SERVICES</b></p> <p>For all tourist services in Romania please ask your travel agent, the National Tourist Office in Bucharest 1, 7 Bd. Slavașcu, or its office in London, Paris, Brussels, Frankfurt 31, Vienna, Stockholm, Copenhagen, Rome</p> <p><b>SPAIN</b></p> <p><b>MADRID — SHOPPING</b></p> <p>HONG KONG RAYA CO. Custom tailored Hong Kong suits shipped to anywhere. Prices from U.S. \$30 (\$100) At Generalissimo. 76 Madrid 16</p> <p><b>SWITZERLAND</b></p> <p><b>GENEVA — MUSEUMS</b></p> <p><b>PETIT PALAIS</b></p> <p>Exhibition of the Swiss artist RENOI &amp; PICASSO from</p> <p><b>RENOIR &amp; PICASSO</b></p> <p><b>GENEVA — SHOPPING</b></p> <p><b>DAVIDOFF</b></p> <p>Mayana CIGARS 2 Rue de Rivie, 1204 Geneva.</p> <p><b>TABAC RHEIN</b></p> <p>1000 HAVANA TOBACCO REFINED BALCONNET AT 1 Rue du Mont-Bleue. Phone: 52 94 94.</p> <p><b>GENEVA — RESTAURANTS</b></p> <p><b>LE GRENETER, 3 Grand-Rue, Old Town</b> Diner by candle-light 11/12 a.m.</p> <p><b>ZÜRICH — SHOPPING</b></p> <p><b>LEINENWEBER'S HUTTWIL AG,</b> Talacker 4 at Tel.: 061-24404, 061 Zürich Fine imported Linens, sheets, tablecloths, towels, etc.</p>
---	---	--	---

**Useful Addresses** appears twice a week in the **Herald Tribune**.  
Published with The New York Times and The Washington Post.

To place an advertisement, contact your nearest  
Harald Tribune representative or Miss Françoise  
Clément, 21 Rue de Berri, Paris-8e. Tel. 225-28-80.







## Eurobonds

## Pricing Set on Hamersley Issue; Interest Rate Trend in Question

By Condon Bakstansky

PARIS, Aug. 23.—Prices for straight debt issues in the Eurobond market were little changed last week as the market waited for clarification of what seemed to be opposing trends for interest rates.

On the one hand, Hamersley Iron Finance's \$20 million flotation of 15-year, 9 1/2 percent bonds was priced at 97 to yield about 9 7/8 percent to maturity. The Australian issue had hit some pretty rough going during the offering period and the 9 7/8 percent compares with 9 3/4 on the recent, similar Atlas Copco issue.

Market observers said the "realistic" pricing, and the generally improved tone set by U.S. developments during last week, helped Hamersley over placement difficulties.

In first trades on the secondary market, the bonds were quoted around issue price which, with trading restrictions still in effect, is taken by dealers to indicate a good reception. Restrictions were lifted Friday night, and the issue's behavior this week will be watched closely.

At the same time, the City of Oslo, Norway, has announced plans for a \$15 million issue of five-year notes, with the coupon expected to be 9 percent "under current conditions." The half-point drop in what has been the going coupon rate is explained by several things. For one, Oslo is well known in the market, and government entities have been attracting ultra-security-conscious investors. For another, there is traditionally a lower coupon on the shorter-term is-

ues. The 9 percent five-year issue at 98 1/2 yields 9 3/8 percent while a ten-year issue at the same terms yields less than 9 1/4 percent.

The Oslo issue will provide an interesting probe on the temperature for lower rates, especially on recently unpopular dollar issues.

And while it is a little too much to expect Oslo alone to be any sort of ultimate guidepost on rate movements, persistent rumor has it that Ocho Corp. is waiting in the wings with a smallish issue also with an under-9 1/2 percent coupon.

If the issue materializes, it will be the first from a U.S. firm since the Continental Oil issue back in June. And it would appear at the end-of-the-year period when people will be looking for "what next."

On the equity side, meanwhile, Wall Street's upsurge set off a brisk rally in Eurobond convertibles, led by oil issues which in several cases tacked on up to eight points.

But the painful reminders of the 1969-70 bear market and its fall-out are far from disappearing. Dealers say it will take a long, strong pull upward by stocks to effect a real change in sentiment on the bond side. As if to underline the point, White Wolf felt it necessary last week to suggest guidelines on trading in issues where there has been a default in coupon payments. Commenting that "no one seriously believed that one day a Eurobond issuer might go bankrupt or in default," they said bonds traded (Continued on Page 3, Col. 6)

## Economic Indicators

## WEEKLY COMPARISONS

	Aug. 16	Aug. 9	Aug. 2
Commodity Index .....	110.7	110.7	110.9
Currency in circ.....	\$54,817,000	\$54,888,000	\$51,375,000
*Total loans .....	\$81,415,000	\$79,400,000	\$79,341,000
Steel prod. (tons) .....	2,470,000	2,436,000	2,604,000
Auto production .....	1,139	1,139	1,217,867
Daily oil prod. (bbls) .....	9,680,000	9,638,000	9,276,000
Freight car loadings.....	833,394	829,349	866,748
*Elec. Prod., kw-hr.....	32,239,000	32,300,000	30,490,000
Business failures .....	204	233	149

Statistics for commercial agricultural loans, encroachings, steel, oil, electric power and business failures are for the preceding week and latest available.

## MONTHLY COMPARISONS

	July	Prior Month	1969
Employed .....	80,281,000	79,382,000	78,616,000
Unemployed .....	4,514,000	4,699,000	3,182,000
Industrial production .....	109.2	106.6	100.0
*Personal income .....	\$861,900,000	\$798,800,000	\$752,300,000
*Money supply .....	\$204,300,000	\$203,700,000	\$185,600,000
Consumer's Price Index .....	135.2	134.6	127.6
Construct. contracts .....	156	170	180
Mfrs. Inventories .....	\$97,800,000	\$97,800,000	\$92,500,000
Exports .....	\$3,776,000	\$3,695,700	\$3,213,000
Imports .....	\$3,369,500	\$3,367,700	\$3,187,500

\*000 omitted. Figures subject to revision by source.

Commodity index, based on 1957-58=100, and the consumer's price index, based on 1967-68=100, are compiled by the Bureau of Labor Statistics. Industrial production is Federal Reserve Board's adjusted index of 1957-58=100. Imports and exports as well as employment are compiled by the Bureau of Census of the Department of Commerce. Money supply is total currency outside banks and demand deposits adjusted as reported by Federal Reserve Board. Business failures compiled by Dun & Bradstreet, Inc. Construction contracts are compiled by the F. W. Dodge Division, McGraw-Hill Information Systems Company.

By Albert L. Kraus

NEW YORK, Aug. 23 (NYT).

America-watchers in such places as Moscow's two-year-old Institute of the U.S.A. must be perplexed at times at the diversity of official opinion in the United States.

Here is Vice-President Spiro T. Agnew telling Washington Post and International Herald Tribune readers that it is a "myth that we are in a recession," that what has been happening is "a massive reordering of priorities."

Then in the same week, Paul W. McCracken, chairman of the President's Council of Economic Advisors, concedes that the nation will need a "relatively high" rate of growth soon if it is to avoid an "unduly protracted period of excessive slack and unemployment."

The two assessments are not necessarily in conflict. Indeed, they possibly spring from the same source. They reflect the differing temperaments of the speakers, the differing purposes of their utterance.

Nevertheless, they create problems of interpretation for businessmen and investors at home as they do for the Americanist in Moscow.

If, as Mr. Agnew indicates, the economy is finding its own sources of strength after adjusting to what he describes as a double transition—a sharp decline in defense spending coupled with the cooling of inflationary expectations—very little more may need to be done.

II, on the other hand, the economy resists stubbornly a return to full utilization of the nation's manpower and machinery, the pressure for new government action will certainly

increase. Mr. McCracken ruled

out on a "crash effort" to stimulate

the economy because of the likelihood of rekindling inflationary

pressures. But he warned that the

nation must not underestimate the

task it faces in returning to full

utilization of its capacity. In his

unfamiliar role as an advocate

of moderation, the Vice-President would appear to

benefit from recent statistics. Retail

sales, particularly for automobiles and other consumer

durables, are improving. Foreign

trade is on the rise. And housing, the

first sector usually to get under way

in any recovery, is moving up again.

The July figures, published during

the week, show housing starts up

sharply to a seasonally adjusted

annual rate of 1,565,000 units. A big

surge in apartment construction put the

figure 15 percent ahead of that in June

and 11 percent ahead of the July 1969

month.

Other favorable indicators included:

• A sharp rise of 6.1 billion or 6.1 percent to \$15.6 billion in new orders for durable goods in July. The figure is an important

leading indicator. The increase resulted mainly from orders for aerospace and

communications components for defense

industries.

• A rise of four-tenths of a point—no more than each of the two previous months—in the

cost of living in July, putting the index at 135.7 percent of the 1957-59 average. The index

rose less than earlier in the year.

• A rise in the purchasing power of rank-and-file workers in July for the third month in a row. In dollars adjusted for

price changes, real disposable income of a worker with dependents was up four-tenths of one percent from June's

still down nine-tenths of one percent from July last year.

Mr. McCracken noted, however, that the economy now is operating about 4 percent below its capacity and that the pace of growth is slower than in the

past. He said the economy is not necessarily in disagreement with the view that the current business downturn is far less severe than that of 1960-61, the

mildest of the postwar recessions. It is also true, however, that it has already lasted a year—in some areas two years—seems likely to continue for some time before the pace of a

vigorous recovery.

In view of the country's long objectives, cooling inflation and avoiding recession, is this bad? Writing in the current issue

(Continued on Page 3, Col. 6)

## Assessments of U.S. Economic Position Differ, But Statistics Provide a Current of Optimism

## Amex and Over-Counter

By Alexander R. Hammer

NEW YORK, Aug. 23 (NYT).—Issues on the American Stock Exchange and the over-the-counter market last week made their best showing in three weeks as both lists advanced in slightly

stepped-up trading.

Quotations opened weaker Monday and then made daily gains except on Thursday, when they finished mixed.

Most of last week's strength was attributed by brokers to news developments. One was the action of the Federal Reserve

system, late Monday, to release an estimated \$550 million now frozen as reserves that banks must hold. This marked an easing

of credit by modest proportions.

Another bullish factor was the announcement by the Commerce Department of a sharp rise in housing starts for July.

These starts reached a seasonally adjusted rate of 1.56 million units, the highest level in 17 months.

The improved performance of the market was reflected in the exchange's price index, which finished on Friday up 0.26

at 20.31.

Turnover on the exchange continued light but did manage to rise to 10,740,745 shares on 9,027,620 shares in the preceding

week.

The over-the-counter market also did better. The National Quotation Bureau's index of 35 industrial issues tacked on 5.81

points for the week and ended on Friday at 293.58.

Strong institutional buying firmed the bank and insurance groups in active trading. Among the insurance issues, Amex climbed 4 1/2, St. Paul was up 3 and Connecticut General tacked

on 2 points.

In the bank group, the Bank of America moved ahead 2 1/2 while Security Pacific rose 2 3/8.

## Over-Counter Market

NEW YORK (AP)—Wendy Over

the counter market, which has been

quiet for some time, showed signs of

activity today as several issues

advanced in price.

The market was particularly

active in the afternoon, with

several issues reaching new

highs.

The market's recovery was

attributed to a combination of

factors, including the easing of

credit restrictions and the

release of government securities.

The market's performance was

seen as a positive sign for the

economy as a whole.

The market's recovery was

attributed to a combination of

factors, including the easing of

credit restrictions and the

release of government securities.

The market's performance was

seen as a positive sign for the

economy as a whole.

The market's recovery was

attributed to a combination of

factors, including the easing of

credit restrictions and the

release of government securities.

The market's performance was

seen as a positive sign for the

economy as a whole.

High Low Last Chg

Brush Beryllium 16 1/2 15 1/2 +1/2

Brush Beryllium 16 1/2 15 1/2 +1/2

Brush Beryllium 16 1/2 15 1/2 +1/2

Brush Beryllium 16 1/2 15 1/2 +1/2

Brush Beryllium 16 1/2 15 1/2 +1/2

Brush Beryllium 16 1/2 15 1/2 +1/2

Brush Beryllium 16 1/2 15 1/2 +1/2

Brush Beryllium 16 1/2 15 1/2 +1/2

Brush Beryllium 16 1/2 15 1/2 +1/2

Brush Beryllium 16 1/2 15 1/2 +1/2

Brush Beryllium 16 1/2 15 1/2 +1/2

Brush Beryllium 16 1/2 15 1/2 +1/2

Brush Beryllium 16 1/2 15 1/2 +1/2

Brush Beryllium 16 1/2 15 1/2 +1/2

Brush Beryllium 16 1/2 15 1/2 +1/2

Brush Beryllium 16 1/2 15 1/2 +1/2

Brush Beryllium 16 1/2 15 1/2 +1/2

Brush Beryllium 16 1/2 15 1/2 +1/2

Brush Beryllium 16 1/2 15 1/2 +1/2

Brush Beryllium 16 1/2 15 1/2 +1/2

Brush Beryllium 16 1/2 15 1/2 +1/2

Brush Beryllium 16 1/2 15 1/2 +1/2

Brush Beryllium 16 1/2 15 1/2 +1/2

Brush Beryllium 16 1/2 15 1/2 +1/2

Brush Beryllium 16 1/2 15 1/2 +1/2

Brush Beryllium 16 1/2 15 1/2 +1/2

Brush Beryllium 16 1/2 15 1/2 +1/2

Brush Beryllium 16 1/2 15 1/2 +1/2

Brush Beryllium 16 1/2 15 1/2 +1/2

Brush Beryllium 16 1/2 15 1/2 +1/2

Brush Beryllium 16 1/2 15 1/2 +1/2

Brush Beryllium 16 1/2 15 1/2 +1/2

High Low Last Chg

Decorative Indust 16 5 4 1/2 + 1/2

Decorative Indust 16 5 4 1/2 + 1/2

Decorative Indust 16 5 4 1/2 + 1/2

Decorative Indust 16 5 4 1/2 + 1/2

Decorative Indust 16 5 4 1/2 + 1/2

Decorative Indust 16 5 4 1/2 + 1/2

Decorative Indust 16 5 4 1/2 + 1/2

Decorative Indust 16 5 4 1/2 + 1/2

Decorative Indust 16 5 4 1/2 + 1/2

Decorative Indust 16 5 4 1/2 + 1/2

Decorative Indust 16 5 4 1/2 + 1/2

Decorative Indust 16 5 4 1/2 + 1/2

Decorative Indust 16 5 4 1/2 + 1/2

Decorative Indust 16 5 4 1/2 + 1/2

Decorative Indust 16 5 4 1/2 + 1/2

Decorative Indust 16 5 4 1/2 + 1/2

Decorative Indust 16 5 4 1/2 + 1/2

Decorative Indust 16 5 4 1/2 + 1/2

Decorative Indust 16 5 4 1/2 + 1/2

Decorative Indust 16 5 4 1/2 + 1/2

Decorative Indust 16 5 4 1/2 + 1/2

Decorative Indust 16 5 4 1/2 + 1/2

Decorative Indust 16 5 4 1/2 + 1/2

Decorative Indust 16 5 4 1/2 + 1/2

Decorative Indust 16 5 4 1/2 + 1/2

Decorative Indust 16 5 4 1/2 + 1/2

Decorative Indust 16 5 4 1/2 + 1/2

Decorative Indust 16 5 4 1/2 + 1/2

Decorative Indust 16 5 4 1/2 + 1/2

Decorative Indust 16 5 4 1/2 + 1/2

Decorative Indust 16 5 4 1/2 + 1/2

Decorative Indust 16 5 4 1/2 + 1/2

High Low Last Chg

Gen RealEstate 22 7 6 1/2 + 1/2

Gen RealEstate 22 7 6 1/2 + 1/2

Gen RealEstate 22 7 6 1/2 + 1/2

Gen RealEstate 22 7 6 1/2 + 1/2

Gen RealEstate 22 7 6 1/2 + 1/2

Gen RealEstate 22 7 6 1/2 + 1/2

Gen RealEstate 22 7 6 1/2 + 1/2

Gen RealEstate 22 7 6 1/2 + 1/2

Gen RealEstate 22 7 6 1/2 + 1/2

Gen RealEstate 22 7 6 1/2 + 1/2

Gen RealEstate 22 7 6 1/2 + 1/2

Gen RealEstate 22 7 6 1/2 + 1/2

Gen RealEstate 22 7 6 1/2 + 1/2

Gen RealEstate 22 7 6 1/2 + 1/2

Gen RealEstate 22 7 6 1/2 + 1/2



## Bond Sales on the New York Stock Exchange

on Dip  
Optim

## Domestic Bonds

Sales in \$1,000 High Low Last

Net Chgs

Sales in \$1,000 High Low Last

Net Chgs

Sales in \$1,000 High Low Last

Net Chgs

Sales in \$1,000 High Low Last

Net Chgs

Sales in \$1,000 High Low Last

Net Chgs

Sales in \$1,000 High Low Last

Net Chgs

Sales in \$1,000 High Low Last

Net Chgs

Sales in \$1,000 High Low Last

Net Chgs

Sales in \$1,000 High Low Last

Net Chgs

Sales in \$1,000 High Low Last

Net Chgs

Sales in \$1,000 High Low Last

Net Chgs

Sales in \$1,000 High Low Last

Net Chgs

Sales in \$1,000 High Low Last

Net Chgs

Sales in \$1,000 High Low Last

Net Chgs

Sales in \$1,000 High Low Last

Net Chgs

Sales in \$1,000 High Low Last

Net Chgs

Sales in \$1,000 High Low Last

Net Chgs

Sales in \$1,000 High Low Last

Net Chgs

Sales in \$1,000 High Low Last

Net Chgs

Sales in \$1,000 High Low Last

Net Chgs

Sales in \$1,000 High Low Last

Net Chgs

Sales in \$1,000 High Low Last

Net Chgs

Sales in \$1,000 High Low Last

Net Chgs

Sales in \$1,000 High Low Last

Net Chgs

Sales in \$1,000 High Low Last

Net Chgs

Sales in \$1,000 High Low Last

Net Chgs

Sales in \$1,000 High Low Last

Net Chgs

Sales in \$1,000 High Low Last

Net Chgs

Sales in \$1,000 High Low Last

Net Chgs

Sales in \$1,000 High Low Last

Net Chgs

Sales in \$1,000 High Low Last

Net Chgs

Sales in \$1,000 High Low Last

Net Chgs

Sales in \$1,000 High Low Last

Net Chgs

Sales in \$1,000 High Low Last

Net Chgs

Sales in \$1,000 High Low Last

Net Chgs

Sales in \$1,000 High Low Last

Net Chgs

Sales in \$1,000 High Low Last

Net Chgs

Sales in \$1,000 High Low Last

Net Chgs

Sales in \$1,000 High Low Last

Net Chgs

Sales in \$1,000 High Low Last

Net Chgs

Sales in \$1,000 High Low Last

Net Chgs

Sales in \$1,000 High Low Last

Net Chgs

Sales in \$1,000 High Low Last

Net Chgs

Sales in \$1,000 High Low Last

Net Chgs

## Foreign Bonds

Sales in \$1,000 High Low Last

Net Chgs

Sales in \$1,000 High Low Last

Net Chgs

Sales in \$1,000 High Low Last

Net Chgs

Sales in \$1,000 High Low Last

Net Chgs

Sales in \$1,000 High Low Last

Net Chgs

Sales in \$1,000 High Low Last

Net Chgs

Sales in \$1,000 High Low Last

Net Chgs

Sales in \$1,000 High Low Last

Net Chgs

Sales in \$1,000 High Low Last

Net Chgs

Sales in \$1,000 High Low Last

Net Chgs

Sales in \$1,000 High Low Last

Net Chgs

Sales in \$1,000 High Low Last

Net Chgs

Sales in \$1,000 High Low Last

Net Chgs

Sales in \$1,000 High Low Last

Net Chgs

Sales in \$1,000 High Low Last

Net Chgs

Sales in \$1,000 High Low Last

Net Chgs

Sales in \$1,000 High Low Last

Net Chgs

Sales in \$1,000 High Low Last

Net Chgs

Sales in \$1,000 High Low Last

Net Chgs

Sales in \$1,000 High Low Last

Net Chgs

Sales in \$1,000 High Low Last

Net Chgs

Sales in \$1,000 High Low Last

Net Chgs

Sales in \$1,000 High Low Last

Net Chgs

Sales in \$1,000 High Low Last

Net Chgs

Sales in \$1,000 High Low Last

Net Chgs

Sales in \$1,000 High Low Last

Net Chgs

Sales in \$1,000 High Low Last

Net Chgs

Sales in \$1,000 High Low Last

Net Chgs

Sales in \$1,000 High Low Last

Net Chgs

Sales in \$1,000 High Low Last

Net Chgs

Sales in \$1,000 High Low Last

Net Chgs

Sales in \$1,000 High Low Last

Net Chgs

Sales in \$1,000 High Low Last

Net Chgs

Sales in \$1,000 High Low Last

Net Chgs

Sales in \$1,000 High Low Last

Net Chgs

Sales in \$1,000 High Low Last

Net Chgs

Sales in \$1,000 High Low Last

Net Chgs

Sales in \$1,000 High Low Last

Net Chgs

Sales in \$1,000 High Low Last

Net Chgs

Sales in \$1,000 High Low Last

Net Chgs

Sales in \$1,000 High Low Last

Net Chgs

Sales in \$1,000 High Low Last

Net Chgs

Sales in \$1,000 High Low Last

Net Chgs

Sales in \$1,000 High Low Last

Net Chgs

## Bank Stock Quotations

Closing prices of the week's trading

Sales in \$1,000 High Low Last

Net Chgs

Sales in \$1,000 High Low Last

Net Chgs

Sales in \$1,000 High Low Last

Net Chgs

Sales in \$1,000 High Low Last

Net Chgs

Sales in \$1,000 High Low Last

Net Chgs

Sales in \$1,000 High Low Last

Net Chgs

Sales in \$1,000 High Low Last

Net Chgs

Sales in \$1,000 High Low Last

Net Chgs

Sales in \$1,000 High Low Last

Net Chgs

Sales in \$1,000 High Low Last

Net Chgs

Sales in \$1,000 High Low Last

Net Chgs

Sales in \$1,000 High Low Last

Net Chgs

Sales in \$1,000 High Low Last

Net Chgs

Sales in \$1,000 High Low Last

Net Chgs

Sales in \$1,000 High Low Last

Net Chgs

Sales in \$1,000 High Low Last

Net Chgs

Sales in \$1,000 High Low Last

Net Chgs

Sales in \$1,000 High Low Last

Net Chgs

Sales in \$1,000 High Low Last

Net Chgs

Sales in \$1,000 High Low Last

Net Chgs

Sales in \$1,000 High Low Last

Net Chgs

Sales in \$1,000 High Low Last

Net Chgs

Sales in \$1,000 High Low Last

Net Chgs

Sales in \$1,000 High Low Last

Net Chgs

Sales in \$1,000 High Low Last

Net Chgs

Sales in \$1,000 High Low Last

Net Chgs

Sales in \$1,000 High Low Last

Net Chgs

Sales in \$1,000 High Low Last

Net Chgs

Sales in \$1,000 High Low Last

Net Chgs

Sales in \$1,000 High Low Last

Net Chgs

Sales in \$1,000 High Low Last

Net Chgs

Sales in \$1,000 High Low Last

Net Chgs

Sales in \$1,000 High Low Last

Net Chgs

Sales in \$1,000 High Low Last

Net Chgs

Sales in \$1,000 High Low Last

Net Chgs

Sales in \$1,000 High Low Last

Net Chgs

Sales in \$1,000 High Low Last

Net Chgs

Sales in \$1,000 High Low Last

Net Chgs

Sales in \$1,000 High Low Last

Net Chgs

Sales in \$1,000 High Low Last

Net Chgs

Sales in \$1,000 High Low Last

Net Chgs

Sales in \$1,000 High Low Last

Net Chgs

Sales in \$1,000 High Low Last

Net Chgs

Sales in \$1,000 High Low Last

Net Chgs

Statistics Spur Optimism  
On State of U.S. Economy

(Continued from Page 8)

The Federal Reserve Bank of Philadelphia's monthly business review, Edward G. Boehne, notes that one way to cure a rampant inflation built up over five years of excess demand would be to create a sharp, deep recession of the 1957-58 variety.

But, he observes, since the 1960s we have become far less tolerant of unemployment. The focus has shifted from how many are unemployed to who are unemployed. Negroes and teenagers bear the brunt of rising unemployment.

"Clearly," Mr. Boehne observes, "the burden of slow-down is borne very unequally, and this uneven impact places a major social constraint on the severity of any economic slow-down as a remedy for inflation."

A way out, he suggests, might

be to trade the sharper, shorter slow-downs of the 1950s for a milder, longer one. For this approach to work, however, monetary and fiscal policies would have to tread a very narrow path between too much ease and too little restraint.

"If the national patience grows thin," he adds, "time would become as much a constraint on policymakers as the rate of unemployment."

Wage and price guidelines, Mr. Boehne says, might help the nation live with itself during the period of waiting.

"Even if the transitional period is not unilaterally shortened, the introduction of an incomes policy conceivably still could have a placebo effect. People would just feel better psychologically, knowing that 'more' is being done to curb rising prices."

The major real estate growth fund which invests primarily in new construction.

\* FUND OF THE SEVEN SEAS

A new concept in funds—first in the world to concentrate its assets in ships and shipping.

\* IIG ITALY

A new company investing wholly in Italian real estate and construction.

OUR FUNDS ARE NO LOAD FOR ALL CAPITAL ACCOUNTS—WE PAY THE HIGHEST NON-REDUCING COMMISSION ON ALL NEW AND SWITCHED BUSINESS AT NO COST TO THE CLIENT.

I.I.G. (LONDON) SECURITIES LTD.

Dept. HTA, P.O. Box 10, Thorn House, Upper St. Martins Lane, London, W.C.2, England.

Tel: 01-835 4455 Telex: 267605 Cable: IIGLON, London, W.C.2.

ONE OF THE FASTEST GROWING FINANCIAL COMPANIES IN THE WORLD

Eurobonds

(Continued from page 8)

after a default should have all due and unpaid coupons attached.

The case in point is Commonwealth United, whose 5 3/4 percent bonds due 1984 are occasionally trading at perhaps 5 percent of face value. Some dealers are expecting other defaults from smaller U.S. names.

In the still-popular deutsche mark sector of the market, the Republic of Ireland's 100 million DM, 15-year issue with an 8 1/2 percent coupon was priced at 99 1/4, well up from the 98 1/2 these issues have been going for. The yield on the issue is a full percentage point less than that on straight dollar debentures.

Two Japanese banks are expected to float DM issues in the near future, and other, mainly government-linked entities, are said to be in the queue.

The continuing and growing popularity of the DM- and gulder-issues reflects investor expectations of another revaluation in the not-so-distant future.

And from the issuer's point of view, the gamble on the cost of funds in case of a revaluation makes the lower rate on DM issues a necessity. Take the cost figured in a First Boston tabulation, for example, of a

New York Stock Exchange

Week Ended Aug. 22, 1970

Sales High Low Close Chg.

Am Smth 645.00 26 1/4 25 1/4 -1 1/4

Guil Oil 645.00 26 1/4 25 1/4 -1 1/4

Pleasant 480.00 26 1/4 25 1/4 -1 1/4

Teller Corp 450.00 26 1/4 25 1/4 -1 1/4

Treas 520.00 26 1/4 25 1/4 -1 1/4

Wm. H. Brown 450.00 26 1/4 25 1/4 -1 1/4

Wm. H. Brown 450.00 26 1/4 25 1/4 -1 1/4

Wm. H. Brown 450.00 26 1/4 25 1/4 -1 1/4

Wm. H. Brown 450.00 26 1/4 25 1/4 -1 1/4

Wm. H. Brown 450.00 26 1/4 25 1/4 -1 1/4

Wm. H. Brown 450.00 26 1/4 25 1/4 -1 1/4



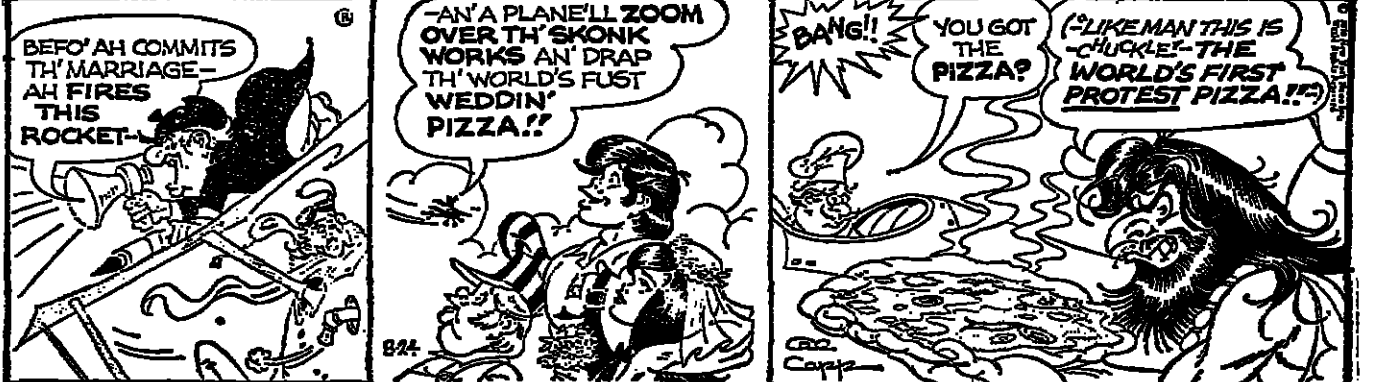
PEANUTS



B.C.



EIL ABNER



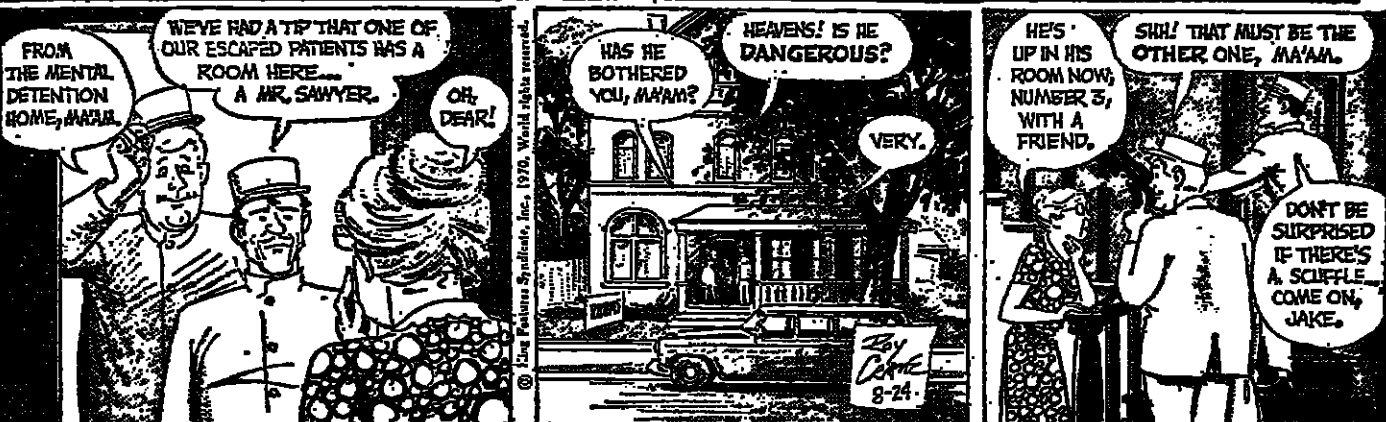
BEETLE BAILEY



MISS PEACH



BUZ SAWYER



WIZARD OF ID



REX MORGAN M.D.



POGO



RIP KIRBY



BLONDIE



BRIDGE

By Alan Truscott

South gained points by good technique on the diagrammed deal. He opened the South hand with two hearts, a weak-two bid, and his partner raised to game.

The defenders were now welcome to stop the diamond ruff by leading two rounds of trumps, but if they did so the clubs could be established while the diamond ace remained as an entry.

NORTH		EAST	
♠ 1063		♠ Q972	
♥ K4		♥ 95	
♦ A6		♦ KJ92	
♣ AK842		♣ QJ3	
WEST		SOUTH (D)	
♠ KJ84		♠ A5	
♥ A82		♥ QJ10763	
♦ Q1073		♦ 854	
♣ 105		♣ 76	

Neither side was vulnerable. The bidding:  
South West North East  
2♥ Pass 4♥ Pass  
West led the club ten.

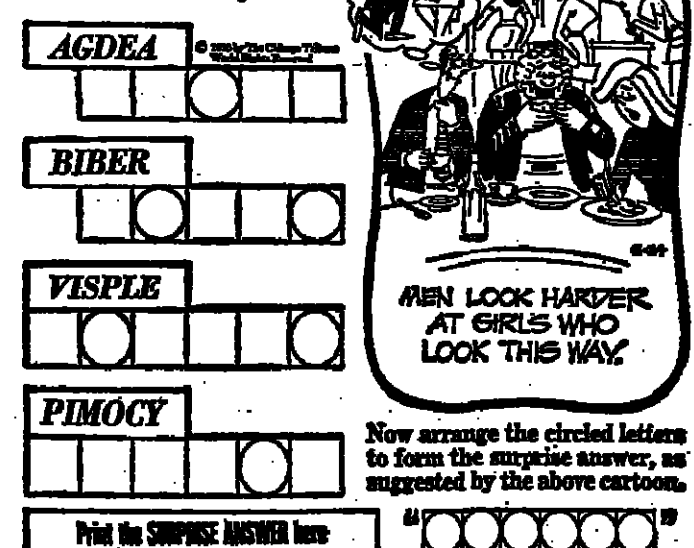
Solution to Friday's Puzzle			
PLUS	LIGHT	SPLAT	
BLANK	DIRT	WILKIE	
OUTLANDISH	WAVES		
WRITING	ATTENDS		
SALLES	THEATRE		
MASTRO	WILKIE		
ALICE	EVERETT	ITIER	
BROADEN	RESCUER		
BALLO	CHASSIS	PIPS	
AMOR	CLASIS		
SPIRIT	VALIVE		
WROTE	INFERIOR		
HAIVEN	SAILINGS		
ADVERB	ONICE	STEED	
TERISE	STEV	ERIS	

DENNIS THE MENACE



JUMBLE - that scrambled word game

Unscramble these four Jumbles, one letter to each square, to form four ordinary words.



Print the SURPRISE ANSWER here: (Answers tomorrow)  
Saturday's Jumble PAPER TOKEN FONDIY INVERT  
Answer: What the group was - THE "KNIFE" OF THE PARTY

## BOOKS

## LAST THINGS

By C. P. Snow. Scribner's. 435 pp. \$7.95.

Reviewed by Gina Mallet

THE Eliot Report is in. C. P. Snow's Lewis Eliot has played ombudsman for the system throughout an eleven-volume account of the power struggles, political, official, functional, that occupy much of mid-20th-century English life. While doing so, Eliot has traced his own rise from humble beginnings to the bar, to a Cambridge fellowship, finally to the sanctity of Whitehall. Ambitious in conception, broad in scope, and dogged in execution, "Strangers and Brothers" began as a grand design but has become increasingly the monograph of a maverick, self-made, self-satisfied, elitist, morally aware yet personally suspending judgment. Quite early on, Eliot decided that he wouldn't beat 'em so he joined 'em, and as the waters of the civil service closed over his head, he abandoned skepticism and a sense of proportion and became a good gray enduranceman enjoying his niche between the governing and the governed. The final volume, "Last Things," is farewell then, and frankly, it was time.

"Last Things" is a coda, incomplete without the preceding sonnets. Autumnal and personal, it is a putting in order of Eliot's affairs, a good-bye to old friends, a glimpse of the future, all written in that familiar dry style that resembles nothing so much as an official document. Eliot is now sixty-six, semi-retired and still happily married to the durable Margaret, but one or two clouds dot the horizon. After resisting ministerial blandishments to help out the government in the Lords, Eliot's old eye trouble rears and on the operating table, he suffers a brief cardiac arrest. The shock is great, thrusting him into premature brooding over the nature of the void ahead, and turning his attention to the affairs of his son, Charles.

At Cambridge, Charles is a rather pompous teenager, the stuff of which junior fellows are made. But old forms are no longer potent, and Charles has other things on his mind. Whiffs of danger are scented by Dad who bundles round full of inside information and leaves a pattern of warnings. Charles enlists as a foreign correspondent, determined to make his name on the battlefields of the Middle East. Lewis, approaching death with the reasonable anxiety of a committed humanist, must also face the possible death of his only child.

It may be saddest to learn that Lewis Eliot has spawned such a reckless romantic, but hardly surprising. Family life has never been his métier. He is preeminently a man of affairs, of committees. It is not the warmth of personal relationships that moves him but the vibrations of a dozen men round the conference table locked in mortal if civil combat. For all the talk of new men and corridors of power, character and circumstance are subordinate to the clash of wills. Intramural hostility? Lobby-

ing? Certainly. But it is a book about England in the '20s and '30s, wrote this reviewer for Book World, literary supplement of the Washington Post.

## CROSSWORD

By Will Weng

ACROSS										DOWN									
1 Marble	40 Untidiness	23 Resembling								1 School subject									
4 Tale of adventure	50 Neighbor of Paterson	26 Part of NASA								2 Response to an explanation									
9 Egyptian god	53 Prima donna	27 Moon phenomena								3 Cotton pod									
13 — now (so far)	57 Feed the kitty	28 Common contraction								4 Exults maliciously									
15 Approach midnight	58 Black, in Rouen	30 Contaminate								5 Planet									
16 Pictorial section, for short	59 Indian Ocean vessel	31 Join								6 Train or bus term									
17 Distant Prefix	61 Kind of drill: Abbr.	32 Polite word for a falsehood								7 Fraction									
18 Praying figure	62 Pros' opposites	33 Rockfish								8 Dig in solidly									
19 Blue flag	63 Colleen's land	34 Wrong Prefix								9 Part of l.c.m.									
20 Cantankerous woman	64 Jug parts	35 N. Y. subway line								10 Poetic time									
22 School problem	65 Part of l.c.m.: — capita	36 Main et al.								11 Of the ear									
24 Ritual promise		37 Not quite fly-by-night								12 Inquisitive									
25 Retained		38 Minotaur								13 Criminals									
26 — mare		39 Endure								21 Become crusty									
28 City on the Loire		40 John Gunther word																	
33 Describe in a way		41 Slayer of the Minotaur																	
34 Villain		42 Rockfish																	
35 Drink		43 Endure																	
36 Xenicity		44 John Gunther word																	
38 Japanese statesman		45 Most absolute																	
40 Photo developers' concerns		46 Scottish delicat																	
43 Elizabeth 2, e.g.		47 Home-run star																	
45 Biblical heroine		48 Painted hunting																	
46 Butler's milieu		49 Pakistani coin																	
47 Trees of Burma		50 British money: Abbr.																	
		51 Send in a way																	
		52 Ripped																	
		53 Pitcher																	
		54 "Give — by"																	



## Foy's Walk Wins Game Mets Defeat Reds On 3-Run Ninth

NEW YORK, Aug. 23 (AP)—Joe Foy drew a bases-loaded walk from Wayne Granger with two out in the ninth inning to give the New York Mets a 5-4 victory over the Cincinnati Reds in the first game of a doubleheader.

Ken Singleton started the Mets' ninth with a pinch-hit single and Tommie Agee, who crushed two home runs and a single earlier, followed with another single.

Granger then felled Bud Burnham's punt and threw wildly to third, allowing Singleton to score. One out later, Art Shamsky singled up the middle, scoring pinch-runner Al Wels with the tying run.

After walking Wayne Garrett intentionally to fill the bases, Granger fanned Ron Swoboda for the second out but then walked Foy on four pitches.

**Giants 4, Cubs 3**  
Finch hit Frank Johnson drilled a two-out, bases-loaded single in the ninth inning sending two runners home and San Francisco edged Chicago, 4-3.

Los Angeles' Pappas, 9-6, had scattered nine hits for the Cubs before Dick Dieks opened the Giants' ninth with a double. An error by Ron Santo followed, putting runners on first and third, and right-hander Phil Regan came in.

Regan got the next two hitters before Santo booted Bobby Bonds' bounce, leaving the bases and setting the stage for Johnson's drive to right field.

**Pirates 11, Dodgers 6**  
Roberto Clemente smacked three singles, a double and a home run for his second straight five-hit spree as Pittsburgh unleashed a 13-hit barrage and beat Los Angeles.

### Sunday

11-0, behind Steve Blass' four-hitter. Clemente went five-for-seven last night.

**Phillies 4, Astros 0**  
Deron Johnson drove in three runs with a homer and single to lead Philadelphia to a 4-0 triumph over Houston.

Winner Rick Wise, 11-11, Joe Hoerner and Dick Selma combined to blank the Astros on eight hits.

**Indians 8, Athletics 6**  
In the American League Eddie Leon lashed a two-run double in the eighth inning to give Cleveland an 8-6 victory over Oakland. The loss was the seventh for the Athletics in their last eight games.

After run-scoring singles by Gene Lerner and Bert Campaneris pulled the A's into a 6-6 deadlock in the top of the eighth, the Indians

mounted the winning rally against relievers Bob Locker and Jim (Mudcat) Grant.

Ray Fosse started it with a bloop single and took third on a single by Duke Sims. Then, with two out, Leon doubled to center off Grant, scoring both runners and the Indians extended their winning streak to four.

**Senators 11, Twins 1**  
Frank Howard and Dick Unser hit three-run homers and Dick Boman hit a six-hit game as Washington routed Minnesota, 11-1.

Before a rain was out, the Senators' Ed Shroud and Unser singled, and Howard blasted a 400-foot line drive into the left field seats, his 39th homer of the season and third in two days. Unser connected in the sixth off Pete Hamer, who relieved starter Jim Perry, after Boman and Shroud singled.

**White Sox 2, Yankees 0**  
Tommy John scattered four hits in leading Chicago to a 2-0 victory over New York in the first game of a doubleheader.

John, 11-13, struck out six on the way to his third shutout of the season. It was the 10th time the Yankees have been blanked.

The White Sox scored an unearned run against Fritz Peterson, 13-9, an error by third baseman Danny Cater, the second of Luis Aparicio's four singles and a sacrifice fly by Carlos May.

Reliever Gary Waslewski forced in an eighth inning run by hitting Ken Berry with a pitch after the White Sox filled the bases on a single by Aparicio and two walks.

**Reds 4, Red Sox 3**  
Bob Johnson fired a two-hitter for Kansas City but needed a two-run triple by the Royals' Bob Oliver in the seventh inning to edge Boston, 4-3.

The only hits off Johnson, 6-8, were a three-run home run in the fourth by Tony Conigliaro, his 24th, and a double by Reggie Smith in the sixth. Johnson struck out 12 and walked three.

**Tigers 1, Brewers 0**  
Reliever Tom Timmerman belted Mickey Lolich out of a bases-loaded, ninth-inning jam in the ninth inning completing a two-hitter and saving Detroit's 1-0 victory over Milwaukee.

Lolich limited the Brewers to two hits and struck out 14. In the ninth, he walked Jerry McVerly and Roberto Pena and then hit Bernie Smith with a pitch, filling the bases.

Timmerman replaced the Tigers' left-hander, got Ted Kubiak to tap into a force at the plate and fired a third strike past Tommy Harper before retiring pinch-hitter Dave May on a game-ending sacrifice bunt.

Jim Northrup scored the Tigers' run in the sixth.



PICTURE HITTER—It's camera day at Shea Stadium and fans take photos of New York Met Joe Foy.

## Casper Leads Rain-Delayed Avco

SUTTON, Mass., Aug. 23 (UPI)—A heavy, steady rain forced postponement of today's final round of the \$180,000 Avco golf classic. It was rescheduled for tomorrow.

Only five players in the field of 81 had completed play and none of the leaders had even started when the round was washed out. It was the first time this season a tour event had gone into a fifth day.

Master's champion Billy Casper held the 54-hole lead at 208, eight under par on the Pleasant Valley Country Club course. He held a one stroke lead over a group of four tied at 208—Dan Sikes, Dave Hill, Tom Weiskopf and Jim Colbert.

Carrying a three-stroke lead into the third round of the 72-hole test on the 7,212-yard course, which has frustrated him in the past, Casper yesterday shot a 73 yesterday shake off the challenges.

Casper dropped into a tie for the lead, seven under par, after a bogey four on the 14th hole. However, he moved in front as he regained his stride putting touch on the 16th and 17th holes before taking a bogey on the 18th.

Casper, who figures the Pleasant Valley layout "owes me a bundle," is bidding for his fourth tournament victory on the tour this year.

In this tournament last year, he failed to make the 36-hole cut for the first time in more than 50 tournaments.

He moved into contention for the \$32,000 top prize with a 67; Sikes had a 69. Colbert, a former Kansas State star with just one victory since he joined the tour in 1968, and Weiskopf fashioned a 74 and 75 to finish at second and 309.

Casper was unhappy with the

spectators and a couple of photographers as well as his round—in the crowd of more than 30,000.

"I've never experienced a day like today," he said. "Every time I get ready to hit a putt or a shot there was something going on not connected with golf. In all the years I've been playing golf, I've never seen anything like it."

"People were moving in back of you whenever you were getting ready to make a shot. There also was screaming of doors. Shadows also were troublesome."

Casper said he "putted poorly" and hit a lot of bad shots.

When he missed a five-foot putt on the final hole of the day, it was like previous visits to Pleasant Valley.

Hill, who claims the course is not suited to "my style of play," had five birdies without a single hole in his round.

Sikes, who had a first-round 66

before scoring to a 74 Friday, regained his putting touch and clinched his efforts with a 25-footer on the 17th hole.

Colbert, enjoying himself with rounds of 69-70-70, praised the crowd and was impressed with its size.

Weiskopf got a birdie on his last hole to force his way into the second-place tie.

Billy Casper ..... 68 87 73-228  
Tom Weiskopf ..... 72 70 70-212  
Dan Sikes ..... 66 74 69-209  
Jim Colbert ..... 72 70 70-212  
Lloyd Monro ..... 70 70 70-212  
Chuck Courtney ..... 72 70 70-212  
Dave Hill ..... 68 73 70-211  
Lloyd Monro ..... 70 72 70-212  
Bobby Mitchell ..... 68 72 70-212  
R.L. Sikes ..... 69 71 72-213  
Larry Hanson ..... 70 72 70-212  
Jim Jamieson ..... 72 70 71-213  
Herbie Johnson ..... 72 74 67-213  
Lloyd Monro ..... 70 72 71-214  
John Miller ..... 70 73 70-213  
Joe Trevino ..... 70 73 70-213  
Lee Miller ..... 72 70 71-213  
Charles Coody ..... 72 72 69-214  
Red Funke ..... 72 70 72-214  
Don Bies ..... 70 72 70-214  
Babe Rieker ..... 71 69-214  
Mac McLendon ..... 72 73 68-214  
Lloyd Monro ..... 70 72 71-214  
John Schlee ..... 65 74 72-214  
Jim Weiskopf ..... 72 68 72-214

**Ickx' Honeymoon Is Embarrassing Race Officials**

OUTLON PARK, England, Aug. 23 (AP)—Belgium's grand prix driver Jackie Ickx, honeymooning "somewhere in Spain," was yesterday helpfully unaware of the trouble he was causing at the British Outlon Park auto racing circuit.

Red-faced race officials had spent all week trying to trace the Ferrari driver to discover what he had done with the \$3,500 Gold Cup which Ickx won here last year.

The trophy was needed yesterday for presentation to John Surtees, winner of the Gold Cup auto race, one of the classic events in the British racing calendar.

All efforts to trace Ickx failed, so officials were forced to commission a local jeweler to make a dummy cup for yesterday's presentation.

Surtees, of England, driving his own Formula One Surtees T.57, car, won the first of the two heats and finished second to Austrian Jochen Rindt in the other heat in the race for Formula One and Formula 5,000 cars.

Brown was unavailable for comment but the weight problem was believed to be the reason for his decision.

Brown joined the Rams in 1967 in a trade with Detroit and the former all-pro became a fixture at right tackle in what was known as the Rams' "Fearsome Foursome" defensive line.

He alternated with Coy Bacon last season and underwent knee surgery during the winter, a cause of his being overweight. He usually played at 285 pounds.

Allen would not allow Brown to work out with the team until he could reduce to a "respectable" but unspecified weight. He had been working in the training room.

**Major League Standings**

AMERICAN LEAGUE				
	W	L	Pct.	GB
Baltimore	65	55	.543	1 1/2
New York	65	55	.543	1 1/2
Detroit	61	59	.508	5
Chicago	57	63	.479	9
Oakland	56	64	.464	10
Washington	56	64	.464	10
Pacifi. League				
	W	L	Pct.	GB
Minnesota	58	52	.524	—
California	58	52	.524	—
Oakland	57	53	.516	1 1/2
San Francisco	52	58	.472	6 1/2
Milwaukee	49	61	.443	10
Chicago	48	62	.434	11 1/2
Friday's Results				
Philadelphia 4, Houston 3, 2.				
Montreal 2, Boston 1				
New York 4, Cincinnati 1				
Los Angeles 2, Pittsburgh 1				
St. Louis 1, San Diego 3				
San Francisco 4, Chicago 1				
Saturday's Results				
Cincinnati 5, New York 2				
Philadelphia 3, Houston 1				
Chicago 2, San Francisco 1				
Montreal 4, Atlanta 2				
Pittsburgh 2, Los Angeles 1				
St. Louis 1, San Diego 3				
Sunday's Games				
(Not included in standings)				
Atlanta at Montreal, rain.				
New York 8, Cincinnati 4 (1st).				
Philadelphia 4, Boston 0				
San Francisco 4, Chicago 2				
St. Louis at San Diego.				



